The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,583—New Series. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1879.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay —*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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To Subscribers Up-country.

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First insertion ..... 8 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 4 „ „
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In the Native Languages, double the above.

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Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Rs. 1-0
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Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our usual ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

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Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	2 8
Third do.	2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	0 2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight line

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied, Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES : EACH—TWO RUPEES.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "GOA," 1,906 Tons, on SATURDAY, 9th August, 1879, at 3 P.M., calling at Ratnagherry Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Nagapatam, Madras, Cocanada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore Road Station in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "AKOLA," 578 Tons, on FRIDAY, 8th August, 1879, at 2 p. m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PUTTIALLA," 839 Tons, on TUESDAY, 12th August, 1879, at 4 p. m., calling at KURRACHEE, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, BAHREIN, FAO and BUSSORAH, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR LONDON, via SUEZ, ALGIERS AND LISBON.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,081 Tons, on FRIDAY, 22nd August 1879, connecting at Aden with S. S. CHYEBASSA, 2,039 Tons, and PATNA, 780 Tons.

Saloon passage ..... Rs. 500
Second Class passage ..... „ 335

The Chyebassa and Patna are due in London on 26th September and 4th October respectively. Transfer at Aden made by Company.

The S.S. Chyebassa carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

FOR NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,081 Tons, on FRIDAY, 22nd August 1879. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered as the Union Company's steamer is timed to leave Zanzibar for Natal within 24 hours of Burmah's arrival.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 1st August, 1879.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE

GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, and on the 1st of each Month,

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Including Wines
Suez	360	220	60	
Port Said	380	240	100	
Messina	500	340	140	
Naples	500	340	140	
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	550	350	150	Without Wines

Children under 3 years, free of charge ; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

ASSIRIA to sail on MONDAY, 1st September 1879.
PERSIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st October.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation ; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

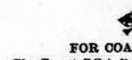
For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 3, Hummum Street.

Bombay, April, 1879.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

S. S. RYDAL HALL,
CAPTAIN OWEN LLOYD,
2,700 Tons. 400 H.P.



THIS Steamer will sail for LIVERPOOL on or about the 23rd August.

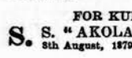
For plans of Saloon and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 24th July 1879.

HALL LINE.

CITY OF BALTIMORE,
2,203 Tons, 300 H. P.,
CAPTAIN VERRIL.
BOMBAY TO LONDON, *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.



THIS Steamer will sail from BOMBAY to DUNKIRK about the 8th August (weather permitting). Passengers will be booked through to London.

First Class, Rs. 500.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

FISSE THIRION & CO.'S CHAMPAGNE.

THIS celebrated wine so largely in demand in Calcutta is to be obtained from us at Rs. 40 per doz. qts. and Rs. 45 for two doz. pts.

CUTLER PALMER & CO.

For Sale at this Office.

BEST RED RULING INK.
MACHINE BLANKET
COARSE, 48 inch wide.
IRON STANDING PRESS.
In good order, very strong, with extra power size of platen 29 by 21.
LITHOGRAPHIC STONES.
BLACK PRINTING INK.
ALSO
SECOND-HAND STEAMER BLOCKS AND SHIP BLOCKS.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1879
(a) NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	8th Aug.
— SURAT	3141	530	W. E. Breese	15th do.
(a) AUSTRALIA	3663	680	G. F. Cates	22rd do.
— BANGALORE	2342	450	C. Fraser	29th do.
(a) POONAH	3130	550	J. Orman	5th Sept.
— VENETIA	2726	450	C. G. Perrins	12th do.
(a) PEKIN	3777	600	W. Woolcott	19th do.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (a) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 7th July 1879.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
KHIVA	2609	450	G. Lee	18th Aug.
GWALIOR	2732	450	J. C. Babot	1st Sept.
ANCONA	3200	600	E. G. Stead	15th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 7th July 1879.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
TANJORE	3263	450	W. W. Fentiman	15th Aug.
SIAM	3014	500	E. N. Hector	12th Sept.
ASSAM	3632	500	N. Stewart	10th Oct.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 7th July 1879.

NOTICE.—ANCHOR LINE, INDIAN SERVICE.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S. S. ITALIA, are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and are requested to present their BILLS of LADING and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agent.

INDIAN TEA EMPORIUM.

THE FIRST AND THE OLDEST.

THE undersigned have received their NEW SUPPLY of TEAS of the current year's Spring Crop.

MORTON & CO.,
Sole Agents of Holta Tea Co.
24, CHURCH GATE STREET,
Opposite to the *Times of India*.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

THIS DAY. THURSDAY, the 7th day of Aug, 1879, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Dadur Station, G. I. P. Railway, 50 bags of bark weighing about 87 Bengal maunds consigned from Nassick in the name of Bhaugwanbhoy Cuderbhoy.

On SATURDAY, the 9th August, at 2 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Abdool Ally Dawood Khan.

A B—1-14 — gilt chains and hardware, ex. Lord of the Isles.
On account and risk of Abdool Tyeb Hoosan Ally.
A T E—103-4 = 2 cases buttons, hardware, ex. Avondale.
On account and risk of Moorad Ally Goolam Ally—
M C—36-40—5 bales paper.
On account and risk of Abdool Kayom Suraf Ally.
A K S—45-53—11 cases butter.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Readers Street, Fort, the valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass and porcelain ware, shigram, chesnut Arab horse, &c., the property of Dr. Pas Bely, the same comprises rich star cut glass ware, handsome dinner, dessert and tea services, best plated ware, such, as curry dishes, cruet pickle and eggstands, ice pitcher, salver, tea pot, a set of spoons and forks, cutlery &c., handsome French polished furniture, such as a set of dining table in 3 pieces, side tables, chairs, circular pier, card and writing tables, hanging argand lamps, easy folding and drawing room chairs, conversation sofas, iron four post bedstead, dressing and washing tables, cloths presses, dispense articles and a lot of other sundry articles.

AT 2-30 P.M.

1 office shigram.
1 powerful chesnut Arab horse.

ENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 7th August, 1879.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the Matter of the Indian Companies Act X. of 1866 and in the Matter of the Mandvee Spinning, Weaving and Press Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

In accordance with an order made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Green in the above matter on the 12th day of June 1879, the Official Liquidator of the above Company will put up for sale by Public Auction at his office in Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 25th day of August, instant, at 3-30 o'clock through Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTONE & Co., Auctioneers (unless previously disposed of by private contract) all that piece of land containing 10,000 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Mumbay, in the district of Naigaum in the presidency of Bombay, forming part of the property of the said Company in Liquidation together with the Bungalow situate on the said piece of land and the buildings standing thereon, containing two cotton presses with the pumps and machinery thereto belonging, and all the tools, effects and property belonging to the said Company in Liquidation, and lying on the said premises subject, nevertheless, to the offer for the purchase of the said property on the bid therefore, which the Official Liquidator shall propose to accept, being approved of by the said Honourable Court.

Information regarding the said piece of land and buildings can be given and the inventory of the machinery plant, and other effects aforementioned may be inspected at the Office of the undersigned, or at the Official Liquidator's Office in Elphinstone Circle. Any further particulars can be obtained, and the conditions of sale, which is approved of by the Court, can be seen at the same offices.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 7th August, 1879. Auctioneers.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 7th inst., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and colored piece goods, twist, &c., &c.

6 bales grey T cloth.
2 „ grey shirtings.
1 bale grey dhotie.
2 cases white scarfs.
3 „ colored prints.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 7th August, 1879.

NOTICES.

MRS. DONOVAN, a Clergyman's widow, is anxious to get young children, to educate with her own. Foreign Governess kept. Highest references given and required. Address Mrs. DONOVAN, Handsworth Villa, Tavistock, Devon, England.

MALVERN COLLEGE.

THIS COLLEGE, which contains a Junior, and a Modern, as well as a Classical Department, prepares for the Indian Examination, Civil, Forests, Telegraph, &c.

For further information, apply to the Rev. ARTHUR FABER, M.A., Headmaster, late Fellow and Tutor of New College Oxford.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order as moderate prices.

Also,

WOODCUTS of every description engraved at shortest notice and at moderate prices.

Specimens may be seen at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TROPICAL RAIN GAUGES,
SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR COLLECTION OF HEAVY DOWNFALLS OF RAIN,
Complete with Funnel, Receiver, Glass Measure graduated to 100ths of an inch, and Instructions for Use.

Cash Rs. 12-8 each.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.
(BREAKFAST.)

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well-fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold only in Packets or Tins labelled
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—Mr. J. P. CORNFORTH is AUTHORIZED to SIGN our Firm PER PROCURATION on and after this date.

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co.

Bombay, 6th August 1879.

NOTICE is hereby given, that from the 1st July last Mr. JOHN GOTTFRIED SIGG RETIRED from our Firm carried on under the style of VOLKART BROTHERS at Winterthur, in Switzerland, at Bombay, Kurrachee, Cochin, Tellicherry, and Colombo, and under the style of VOLKART BROTHERS, London Agency, at No. 8, Leadenhall Street, London, and that Mr. THEODOR REINHART has from the same day been ADMITTED a PARTNER therein.

VOLKART BROTHERS.

Bombay, 6th August 1879.

MALABAR HILL.

TO BE LET, from 1st October next, the comfortable BUNGALOW on the top of Malabar Hill, "Farwady," now in the occupation of the Lord Bishop of Bombay, and formerly in the occupation of the Hon. Justice Gibbs, for years together. For Rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, from 1st September next, a desirable HOUSE on the top of Malabar Hill, Tarwady. Rent Rs. 225. For other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, the BUNGALOW on Malabar Hill, the Ridge, just vacated by Mr. Fletcher. Rent Rs. 165. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, the Upper-storied BUNGALOW at Cumballa, next door to Surgeon Major Blanc, newly painted and whitewashed. Rent moderate. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO LET, on Cumballa Hill, "THE ALTAMONT," the best available house in Bombay. For Rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

NOTICE.

THE NEW DHURRUMSEY POONJABHOY SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LD.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, on or before the 23rd day of August, 1879, for the SUPPLY of MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES to the Company's Mills at Coorla.

Schedules of Articles, for which Tenders are invited and Terms of Contract can be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

Parties may tender for one or more complete parts or classes, at their option, but not for a portion of a particular class.

Tenders to be addressed to the Undersigned, and the words "Tenders for Miscellaneous Articles" be written on the cover.

The Company will not assign any reason for refusing the lowest or any Tender.

MERWANJEE FRAMJEE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 5th August 1879.

NOTICE is hereby given, that ELIZABETH ANNETTE RICHARDSON, formerly of Upper Portland place, in the County of Middlesex, but late of Lansdown Villa, Hillbrook, in the County of Southampton, Spinster, deceased, died on the 14th day of October, 1878, at Millbrook, in the County of Southampton aforesaid, and LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION of her PROPERTY and CREDITS in India were on the 8th day of August, 1879, GRANTED by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to ALFRED VANSITTART FRERE, one of the Solicitors of the said Court, as Attorney to ALEXANDER CROMBIE, the Reverend FRANCIS CROMBIE, and ARTHUR TURNOUR ATCHISON, the Executors named in the Will and Codicil of the above-named deceased. ALL PERSONS having any CLAIM against the Estate of the said deceased are required to SEND in PARTICULARS of the same in WRITING WITHIN ONE MONTH from the date hereof, to us, at our Office, at 12, Rampart Row, within the Fort of Bombay, at the expiration of which period the said Alfred Vansittart Frerel will REMIT the ASSETS of the Estate of the said deceased to the said Alexander Crombie, the Reverend Francis Crombie, and Arthur Atchison as Executors as aforesaid, at Southampton, in England, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.—Dated this 6th day of August 1879.

SMITH & FRERE,
Attorneys to the Administrators.

FIELD AND FOREST KNIVES,

CONTAINING Corkscrew, Champagne-Hook, large Blade, Wood Saw, Gimlet, Leather Borer, and an Extractor, durably mounted in finest Nickel Silver handles.

Each, Cash Rs. 5.

GEM SPORTING KNIVES.

Containing one each large and small Blades, Saw-Blade with File and Screw-driver, Folding Hook for removing stones from horses' feet, Nut-cracker, Corkscrew, Gimlet, Leather Borer, Tweezers, and Pick, in strong Buckhorn handles,

3 inch.	3½ inch.	3¾ inch.	3¾ in. with Lancet.
Cash Rs. 5-0	Rs. 5-8	Rs. 6-4	Rs. 6-12

Mother-o'-Pearl, Tortoise-shell, & Ivory-handled PEN and POCKET KNIVES in variety.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S
SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.

A combination of Farinaceous and Vegetable Ingredients, Scented with agreeable and attractive Perfumes.

IT is perfectly innocuous to the most delicate skin, well adapted as an absorbent Powder for

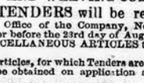
TOILET AND NURSERY USE IN INDIA, and guaranteed to be

Free from Arsenic or other injurious matter.

	Cash.	Credit.
Small size Tins	Rs. 0 10	0 12
Double size Tins	„ 1 0	1 2

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
Pharmacists and Dispensing Chemists,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE RAT PLAGUE.



UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

THE PATENT
VERMIN ASPHYXIATOR,
FOR
DESTROYING RATS,
RABBITS, MOLES, SNAKES, REPTILES, INSECTS, &c.

MANUFACTURERS
JOHN WATTS & Co., 6, Broad Weir, Bristol.

May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, where all particulars can be obtained.

INDIA TO ENGLAND by THE LEVANT AND THE DANUBE. Re-printed from the *Bombay Gazette*.
Price—ONE RUPEE.
May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office and from Messrs. Thacker & Co.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line 8 As. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

WANTED, for a Bull Bitch, a well-bred BULL TERRIER DOG, of about 20 or 25 lbs. Address NIMROD, care of this Office.

EVERY Morning from 9—3 Dishes, Coffee, etc. Re 1 ; from 2, Soup, 4 Dishes, Curry, etc Re. 1 ; from 6 Soup, 2 Entrées, 2 Joints, Curry, Pudding, Rs. 1-8. Temple Bar

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1879. Price Rs. 5 ; with postage Rs. 5-2. *Bombay Gazette* Office.

INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE, showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines, with Tables of Fares, and other information required by travellers, with a Coloured Map of India. Published monthly at the *Bombay Gazette* Office. Price As. 8.

FRESH GROUND COFFEE, 14 As. per lb.
KANGRA VALLEY (Tea) MIXTURE Re. 1-4-0 per lb.
FRASER, 23, Apollo Street.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DRAWING AND SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS.

OUR STOCK is manufactured (specially to our order) by a LEADING LONDON MAKER, a thoroughly practical man at his business, having been engaged in the trade from his boyhood, and who has, for upwards of thirty years, extensively manufactured for the various departments of Government and the principal London Houses, specially those possessing a historic name for Mathematical Instruments.

The prices are fixed at the Lowest remunerative rate, and bear favourable comparison with the home charges of the leading dealers in London.

CASH PRICES, MAY, 1879.

13 inch PRESENTATION CASES ELECTRUM INSTRUMENTS. Rs. 90.
7 inch CASES ELECTRUM INSTRUMENTS. Rs. 28, Rs. 36, and Rs. 50.
POCKET CASES ELECTRUM INSTRUMENTS. Rs. 18 and Rs. 36.
DRAWING PENS, in variety.
BOWS and SPRING BOWS. DIVIDERS.
PROTRACTORS. STRAIGHT EDGES.
PARALLEL and POCKET RULES.
DRAWING BOARDS.
CASES OF INSTRUMENTS as used in PUBLIC SCHOOLS—Addiscombe, Rs. 42 ; Royal Military Academy, Rs. 36 ; Sandhurst, Rs. 30.
7 inch CASES BRASS INSTRUMENTS. Rs. 12 Rs. 22-8, Rs. 27 and Rs. 45.
HALF SETS. Rs. 12 and Rs. 13-8.
PROPORTIONAL, BEAM, and POCKET COMPASSES
ENGINE DIVIDED SCALES, Boxwood and Ivory.
TEE SQUARES. SET SQUARES,
CURVES. STENCIL PLATES.

ENGINEERS' COMPLETE SETS OF STENCIL PLATES.
In Boxes with Lock and Key.

Comprising 9 Alphabets of different types, 2 sets Engineers' Stencils each 10 plates, 3 sets Figures, 4 Corner Pieces, 2 North Points, Plan, Specification, Section, and Elevation Plates, 4 Scale Plates (foot to an inch, &c.) with Ink, Brush and Pad. Rs. 31-8.

THODOLITES (obtained to order only), Rs. 325 to Rs. 400
ARNEY'S LEVELS. Rs. 32.
CLINOMETERS. Rs. 28.
POCKET SEXTANTS. Rs. 72.
CHESTERMAN'S TAPES. Rs. 4 to Rs. 8.
CROSS STAFF HEADS. Rs. 18 and Rs. 27.
PENNY'S METALLIC NOTE BOOKS.
DUMPY LEVELS, 10 inch, Rs. 160 ; DANGERS, Rs. 215
LEVELLING STAVES. Rs. 42.
PRISMATIC COMPASSES. Rs. 36, Rs. 72 and Rs. 85.
LAND CHAINS. Rs. 4-8 to Rs. 11-8.
CHESTERMAN'S STEEL TAPES. Rs. 14 and Rs. 18.
OPTICAL SQUARES. Rs. 13-8 and Rs. 20.
PENNY'S FIELD AND LEVELLING BOOKS.

Illustrated Descriptive Price Lists on Application.

ARTISTS' COLOURS & MATERIALS.

Special attention is given to this department, and frequent parcels, to ensure freshness, are imported from MESSRS. WINSOR and NEWTON, for whose Manufactures TREACHER & COMPANY are the appointed Agents in the Bombay Presidency.

WATER COLOURS, dry and moist, each 10 ans. to Rs. 3.
BOXES OF MOIST WATER COLOUS. Rs. 6-12, Rs. 8, Rs. 11-4, Rs. 16-8, Rs. 22-8, Rs. 27, Rs. 32, Rs. 40-8, and Rs. 45.
DRAWING PAPERS, Whatman's celebrated.
TRACING CLOTH. TRACING PAPER.
PALETTES, SAUCERS, SLANTS, &c.
OIL COLOURS, in tubes, each 10 as. to Rs. 2-12.
CANVAS. MILL BOARDS.
BRUSHES, Hog Hair and Sable.
BOXES OF DRY WATER COLOURS. Rs. 4-8, Rs. 9-8, Rs. 11-4, Rs. 14-8 and Rs. 27.
BOXES OF COLOURS in TUBES. Rs. 14-8, Rs. 32, and Rs. 54.
SKETCH BLOCKS and BOOKS.
BRUSHES, Sable and Camel-Hair.
CRAYONS. FABER'S PENCILS.
BOXES OF OIL COLOURS. Rs. 8, Rs. 23-8, Rs. 27, Rs. 45, Rs. 54 and Rs. 59.
SKETCHING BLOCKS. PALETTES.
VARNISHES, &c.

Illustrated Catalogues on Application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MACFARLANE'S CASTINGS,
Architectural, Artistic, and Sanitary,
"SHARP, CLEAN, AND FULL OF CHARACTER."
WALTER MACFARLANE & CO., GLASGOW.
(All Orders to be accompanied by a Remittance, or Reference to a Firm in England.)

BOMBAY MUSIC SALOONS.

SOUNDY & CO., RAMPART ROW & MEADOW STREET,
IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS OF
PIANOFORTES, HARMONIUMS, AMERICAN ORGANS,
IRON FRAMED PIANOS FOR INDIA,
Sole Agents and Importers of the
SMITH COMPANY'S AMERICAN ORGANS,
AND THE "HARMONICHORD" IRON FRAMED PIANOS,

Violins, Guitars, Basses, Violincellos, Banjos, Flutes, Clarionetts, Flageolets, Oboes, Sarus, sophones, Cornets, Sax Horns, Euphoniums, Helicons, Bombardons, Drums, Tympani, Cymbals, Triangles, French Horns, Bassoons, and every kind of Musical Instrument and Appurtenance.

Illustrated Price List free on application.

SOUNDY & CO., BOMBAY.

OVERLAND TRUNKS, PORTMANTEAUS, &c.

CASH PRICES.

	Inches	Rs.	a.
Overland Trunks, made of best japanned canvas ; edges bound with leather, strong Iron ribs, copper rivetted, strong lumbler lock	37	27	0
	30	30	0
	33	33	0
An extra strong article, made as above of stout full japanned canvas, the most durable trunk made	27	30	
	30	36	
	33	39	
	36	42	
Ladies' Travelling Trunk, made of best japanned canvas, light and very strong. Folding division at end for millinery, moveable tray, and compartment in lid, morocco pocket for papers, strong iron ribs and best brass tumbler lock	38	50	0
	36	58	0
Solid Leather Portmanteau, made of extra stout solid leather, edges turned over with one inch lap, fastened through with brass rivets, and brass clamped covers, buckles and straps of the best quality, strong lever lock. The most durable Portmanteau manufactured	30	100	0
The "Indian Railway Portmanteau," a most useful article for travellers, wide and flat, to fit under seat, made of stout tan flax, edges bound with leather, pocket for papers and pair of outside straps for rug or coat, very light and durable, highly recommended.	22	30	0
	24	34	0
	27	38	0
The "Cabin Bag," a most useful article for a sea journey, opening full size at top and fitted with tray for collars, cravats, &c., made of stout japanned canvas, good brass lock, and iron protecting ribs	24	40	0
	26	45	0
The "Gladstone Bag" a most useful Travelling Bag, very light, strong and capacious made of the best oxhide, first rate locks, and outside straps for rug or overcoat. Nothing better procurable and we only keep this quality.....	20	89	0
	22	45	0
	24	49	0
he same exactly as the above, in stained brown hide	20	44	0
	22	46	0
	24	49	0
Black Hide Hand Bags, very useful for papers, &c. enamelled hide, double spring Lock	Inches	Rs.	a.
	17	9	0
	19	0	
Gentlemen's wide mouth Hand Bags, best enamelled hide, lined morocco, double spring lock, The Indian Railway Travellers' Carriage Companion		40	0

COURIER OR CASH BAGS.

Made of Stout Tan Flax, bound with leather, fitted with spring lock and shoulder strap passing under bottom for extra security	9	0	
	10	8	
	12	8	
The same make as above brown oxhide, lined leather	13	8	
	12	0	
Soiled Linen Bags, made strong stout canvas, iron frame and strong brass lock	13	0	
	6	8	
Carpet Bags, strong and useful, lined with holland, brass locks and leather handles	9	8	
Hat cases, In brown leather with scarlet linings			
Good lock		14	0
Do made of Tanned Flax, finished in the best style		22	0
do Air tight Block Tin		12	0
do do fitted to hold 2 Hats		24	0
The Hat Compedium, made of japanned canvas, moveable fittings to allow space for stowing small articles or to be used as a Portmanteau when required		23	0

AIR-TIGHT TIN CASES.

For Uniform, Court or Dress suits, made of extra stout Block Tin strong handles and good locks. The height will allow of their being placed under the seat of a railway carriage..	22	24	0
	24	26	0
	26	30	0
Large size, same make as above for packing or storing during the rains and invaluable for Ladies use. These goods are of the best London manufacture and will last for years...	27	35	0
	29	42	0
	33	50	0
Portable Travelling Baths, made of strongblock tin, oak-stained. These most useful articles, being fitted with inner baskets, from both a flath and commodious trunk. Strong locks and outside straps	30	42	0
	33	45	0
	36	50	0

Our New Illustrated Catalogue forwarded on application.

ASQUITH AND LORD,
BOMBAY.

S. ROSE & CO.,
9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

REDUCED RATES.

TUNING OF PIANOFORTES & OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

WHEN contracted for by the term of six or twelve months, or when two or more Pianofortes are tuned.

Tunings—This department is in charge of a skilled European Tuner, who has been specially engaged from England ;

Orders for tuning in the Fort or Suburbs of Bombay receive prompt attention.

Mofussil Tunings—S. ROSE & Co. undertake the tuning and repairs of Pianofortes and other Musical Instruments in the Mofussil and Madras Presidency on special moderate terms.

Repairs—We have extensive Godowns specially set apart for this department, and a Staff of skilled workmen, under the superintendence and practical direction of a qualified European, and are able efficiently to effect the repairs of Pianofortes, Harmoniums, Violins, or any kind of Musical Instrument, at a moderate cost.

Estimates are furnished and approved before repairs are commenced.

S. ROSE & Co. beg to state that in connection with their Bombay and Calcutta firms they have been established in India for a period of over twenty-five years, and their experience as to effect of the Indian climate on Musical Instruments justifies them in guaranteeing that repairs entrusted to their care will have the best and most careful attention.

Pianos sold on the One Year Purchase System.

Pianos hired by the day, month, or on special rates by terms of six and twelve months.

BAND INSTRUMENTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION ALWAYS IN STOCK
FULL PARTICULARS AT

THE BOMBAY MUSICAL DEPOT,
S. ROSE & Co., 9, Rampart Row, Bombay.

NOTICES.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

*ADVERTISERS would GREATLY OBLIGE us by causing their ADVERTISEMENTS to be DELIVERED at the Office as EARLY

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, 6TH AUGUST, 1879.

THE home markets have apparently reopened after the holidays with a very quiet tone, and there are few changes to notice.

Consols in London are still quoted at 98 ; and Enfaced Rupee Paper is unchanged at 77¾ for Fours and 83¼ for Fours-and-a-half ; French Rentes, however, have declined from 117 to 116¾.

In the General Produce markets prices are unchanged with the exception of a decline of 10s. per ton in Ceylon Cocoanut Oil. Linseed and Rapeseed are quiet at previous values. In Silesian Spelter an advance of £1·5 per ton is advised.

The Manchester Piece Goods market is still reported quiet but steady. Reuter's quotations are unaltered except for a decline of ¼d. per piece in 39 inch Jaconets, and an advance of ¼d. per lb. in 40s. Mule Twist.

Cotton in Liverpool yesterday was depressed, Surats dull, and spot quotations show a decline of ⅛d. per lb. in American and 1-16d. per lb. in Surats. The sales, however, were estimated at 7,000 bales, which is not bad as things go, and at the present pace of going it seems by no means unlikely that we may see a reaction ere long. Not immediately, perhaps, but a decline of another ⅛d. per lb. would place the trade in a very strong position, and should spinners come into the market as at all active buyers, the comparative paucity of supplies could scarcely fail to induce a reaction in prices. In New York the fall still continues, ready Mid. Uplands having receded to 11 cents and November shipment to 10·02 cents per lb.

Bar Silver in London has advanced from 51½d. to 51¾d. per oz., a movement which is confirmed by private telegrams.

EXCHANGE to-day opened firm with an advance of 1-32d., owing to the improvement in Silver, and during the day, with strong advices from Calcutta, a further advance of 1-16d. has been established. As usual on Wednesday transactions have been extremely limited, pending news of Council drafts ; but the feeling is all towards higher rates, and should the allotments, as is expected, produce an average of 1s. 7¾d. or over, this tendency will be confirmed. We now quote :—

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 7¾d.	per Rs.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 7 31-32d.	,,
Credits, 4 ,, ,,	1s. 7 15-16d.	,,
Documents, 3 ,, ,,	1s. 8d.	,,
Francs 3 ,, ,,	2·10½	,,

On Calcutta we still quote demand drafts at ½ per cent. premium ; 60 days' sight at ⅜ per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER remains practically unchanged. Fours are dull, and there are sellers at Rs. 94¾ ; but Fours-and-a-half remain firm at Rs. 101¼.

SHARES, as a general rule, are not quite so strong to-day. Bank of Bombays are ¼ per cent. better at Rs. 663¾, and in Land and Press shares there is no change ; but Spinning and Weaving Companies are all weaker with fewer buyers. Great Eastern and Oriental are Rs. 10 ; Manockjee Petit and Prince of Wales Rs. 25 per share lower.

COTTON is depressed owing to the adverse news from Liverpool, and although sellers are offering their stocks at a general reduction of Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per candy, exporters are unable to operate, and business is confined to small purchases on account of the local mills. Nominal quotations are :—

Good Omra	(nominal)...Rs. 215 per candy	f. p.
F. G. F. do	..... ,, 210	,,
G. F. do	..... ,, 205	,,
Good Dholleras	(nominal) ,, 220	,,
F. G. F. do	..... ,, 214	,,
G. F. do	..... ,, 207	,,

SEEDS are dull and unchanged in value.

FREIGHTS are very quiet and the engagements making are few. The Italia (s.s.), failing to find cargo for Genoa and Marseilles, has been put on the berth for Liverpool at 23s. 9d. per ton for measurement. By sail for Liverpool the quotation is still 20s. nominal. For Trieste and Venice the Escurial still wants a small quantity of cargo at 22s. 6d., and for Marseilles and Genoa the Rubattino line is offering to book for their steamer of 1st September at 27s. 6d. per ton, payable here.

PIECE GOODS remain very quiet with no quotable alteration in prices. The off-take from the Bazaar continues limited, and the only favourable feature apparent is the better feeling regarding the future engendered by the good crop accounts from up-country.

COALS are quiet and unaltered, no fresh transactions having transpired.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Bank.	No. of shares.	Nomi. Value per share.	Paid up.	Last Divir. Declared.	Cash Rates per Cent.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. c.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	5 p. ct	128
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	4 do	730
Bank of Bombay	30,000	500	all	5 do	663½
Bank of Madras	60,000	500	all	3 do	650
National Bank of India.	87,320	625	£12-10-0	6 do	108

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Alfred Manufacturing Co.	1,000	500	all		375
Alliance Spinning	500	2,500	all	30 p.	1,000
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	30,000	100	100	Nil	62.
Bhownuggur M. and F.	800	2,000	1,000	do	300
Bombay United	800	1,000	all	do	700
Gooria S. and W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do	510
Oriental India S. and W. Co.		1,000		do	
Company	2,500	500	all	do	550
Dharumsey Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	do	165
Hajee Esmail S. and W. Co.	700	500	all	do	325
Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	all	do	740
Hindustan S. & W. Co.	872	1,000	all	do	760
Hydrabad S. and W. Co.	700	1,000	600	do	475
Jewraj Balloo Mills	750	1,000	all	do	560
Khandesh Spinning	1,000	1,000	all	do	800
K. Mucoojee S. & W. Co.	1,000	500	all	do	435
Madras Spinning	800	1,250	all	do	100
Madras U. Spinning	432	1,000	all	50 p.s.	1,100
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co.	30,000	50	50	Nil	7
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	50 p.s.	975
Morarjee Spinning	1,040	1,000	all	Nil	878
Mazagon S. and W. Co.	2,000	5,000	..	do	93
National S. and W. Co. of India	951	1,000	all	do	540
Oriental	4,000	625	all	do	553
Princeof Wales Spinning	600	1,250	all	do	40
Rasoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	all	do	435
Soondersdas Spinning	658	1,000	all	do	475
Do do, ½ Shares.	500	1,000	250	do	120
Sholapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	do	675
Victoria Mills	556	1,000	all	do	475

* Per Share for the half-year.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION.:

Albert Mills	600	2,000	1,700	Nil	nominal
Alexandra S. and W. Co.	2,250	412	all	do	
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company	3,000	500	all	do	
Broach Mills	..	..	..	..	
Colaba S. and W. Co.	900	1,000	all	do	
Fleming S. and W. Co.	1,750	500	all	do	
Mandvie S. and W. Co.	1,200	500	all	do	
Neriad S. and W. Co.	..	..	..	..	
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.	600	2,000	all	do	
Nursey S. and W. Co.	2,500	400	all	do	

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New.)	4,000	3,000	all	15 p.s*	840
Fort Land and Pier Co. Limited	7,500	150	all	4 p.s.	120
Mazagon Land	1,750	2 000	1,000	20 p.s.	3?5
Port Canning Land Company, Limited	6,000	1,400	all	15 p. s.	205

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	21?- 5?-0	5 p. ct	290
Do. New £20 Shares	..	£20	13?-15?-0	do	28
Ditto	..	£20	6?- 7?-0	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,102
Do. New Shares.	..	£18	19?-?-15	do	250

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co.	150	5,000	2,800	150 p.s.	700
Albert Co., Kurrachee.	200	2,000	1,100	125 do	940
Albert Ginning Co.	100	1,000	all	12 p.ct	500
Apollo Press Co.	750	2,750	2,200	32 p.s.	570
Bellary	178	1,000	all	25	470
Benar Ginning (New)	158	500	all	60 p.s.	445
Indian Press Co.	1,000	350	all	14 do	60
Broach Cotton Co	400	250	all	10 do	30
Carwar Co	1,000	1,000	all	5 do	85
Colaba Press Co	800	1,880	all	30 do	325
Dholiera P. and G. Co.	800	350	all	15 do	125
East India Press Co.	333	1,000	all	30 do	500
Fort Press Co	50	8,500	1,250	50 do	225
French Press Co.	800	500	all	75 p.s.	450
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.	1,125	400	all	30 do	190
Prince of W. Press	120	..	1,500	250 do	165
Ramoon's Press Co.	600	1,600	all	150 do	225
Sind Press Co.	400	850	750	60 do	430
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld.	100	1,000	925	125 do	1,200
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	150	850	all	12 p.ct	500
Volkart's United Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	225 p.s.	500

* Per Share for the half-year.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Burmah trading Corporation	1,00	2,500	1,500	225 p.s	1,875
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	150	10,000	2,000	250p.s.	2,250
Bombay Gas Company	50,000	50	all	7½ p.ct	58
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co. Limited	1250	100	100	10 p. s.	116
Bombay Saw Mills Co. sanding and Shipping Co of Kurrachee, Ld.	600	1,000	all	...	400
Malabar Company, Ld.	1,000	500	300	25 p. s.	270
Mechanical Buildings Co.	1,000	200	100	7½ p. ct	70
Prince of Wales Insurance Company	250	500	all	p. s.	15
Thacker and Co., Ld.	1,000	8,000	1,000	75 p. s.	1,000
Treacher and Co.	1,000	100	100	10 p.ct.	100
Vegas Patent Slip Co.	500	500	all	62½ p.s.	650
	1,000	200	all	p.ct	15

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic for the week ending 2nd August 1879.

Open, 444 Miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	35,989	0	0
Merchandize	29,568	0	0
Telegraph	290	0	0
Other Receipts	200	0	0
Total Rs.	66,045	0	0

Corresponding week in July 1878.

Open 444 Miles.

	Rs	a.	p.
Coaching	25,614	0	0
Merchandize	8,813	0	0
Telegraph	406	0	0
Other Receipts	113	0	0
Total Rs.	34,946	0	0
Increase Rs.	34,099	0	0

Increase in 1879 is chiefly owing to the break in the Nurbudda ridge in the corresponding period of 1878.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE AND LISTS OF PASSENGERS BY SEA.

THE s.s. SINDHIANA, 2,052 tons, Captain R. W. Ker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta (20th July), with a general cargo.

THE s. s. KING ARTHUR, 1,047 tons, Captain H. Carter, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and 14 deck passengers.

THE BARQUE LADY MELVILLE, 967 tons, Captain H. P. HANSON, arrived in harbour on the 5th inst. from Moulmein (7th June), with a cargo of timber. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. UMBALLA, 494 tons, Captain F. P. Nailer, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Sub-Lieut J. W. H. Fitzgerald, Surgn. Gomes, one native officer of 1st Sind Horse, and 17 deck.

THE P. AND O. Co.'s s.s. BANGALORE, 1,309 tons, Captain C. Fraser, which arrived in harbour on the 5th inst. from Venice (11th July), brought the following cargo :—91 cases beads, 6 packages papers, 278 packages piece goods, 4 cases gold thread, 4 cases varnish, 6 packages paint's, 22 packages roots, 1 box specie and pearl, 3 boxes specie, 23 cases wax, 10 packages E. teeth, 2 packages shell, and many packages merchandise.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
5	Lady Melville	Hanson	Moulmein, June 7.
	Bangalore (s)	Fraser	Venice, July 11.
6	King Arthur (s)	Carter	Bussorah, July 21.
	Sindhana (s)	Ker	Calcutta, July 20.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
6	Ben Rhydding	McGill	Saigon.
	Umballa (s)	Turner	P. Gulf via Kurrachee.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Akola, to Kurrachee.
Steamer Italia, to Liverpool and Genoa.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.			
1	Moharani (s)	Carson	Middlesboro, June 22.
	Hindostan (s)	McConnell	Hongkong, July 5.
2	Poona (s)	Orman	Southampton, June 26.
	British Army	Reed	Cardiff, April 4.
	Ellora	Ballingall	London, April 10.
3	Star of Africa	Barron	Cape Town, June 20.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 1—Steamers Navarino, City of Canterbury and Shahzada. Barque Star of Albion.
Aug. 2—Steamers Khandalla and Chancellor. Ships Belfast and Plassey.

PASSENGERS.

Per Maharani—Mrs Perries and infant.
Per Hindostan—Mr Livingston, Mr Bertand, Mr Ballie.
Per Poona—Mr Caupar, Staff Sergt Hilton, Capt, Gwyn, Mr and Mrs Casey, daughter and child, Mr Roy.
Per British Army—Mr Speedding.
Per Star of Africa—Mrs Barron and Mr Wilson.
Per Khandalla—For False Point—Mr Westerhout.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.			
3	St. Anne	.....	Foore.
	Himalaya (s)	.....	Rangoon and N P.
4	Navarino (s)	.....	Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.			
2	E. P. Bonverie	.....	Seeking.
	Socotra(s)	.....	Rangoon and N P.
3	Chanda(s)	.....	Bombay and S P.
	Ethiopia (s)	.....	Calcutta and N P.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGERS.

Per s s Himalaya, from Rangoon :—Major Livesay, Lieut Clark, Mr and Mrs Johnson, Mrs Cutting and 2 nieces, Mrs Champan and child. From Visagapatam—Mrs Dougherty.

ADEN.

ARRIVALS.

July.			
9	Victoria, ss,	Mendozona,	from Sea.
9	Nebo, ss,	Morgan,	from Perim.
14	Sea Gull H M, ss,	Heron,	from Mussowa.
15	Statesman, ss,	Hughes,	from Liverpool.
19	Dragon, H M, ss,	Hawkins,	from Mussowa.
22	Scotia, ss,	Cato,	from London.
23	Surat, ss,	Breeze,	from London.
24	Garnet, ss,	Couche,	from Rangoon.
25	Ariadne, ss,	Grulier,	from Singapore.
25	Merkara, ss,	Ballantine,	from Calcutta.
28	Sindh, ss,	Monge,	from Marseilles.
26	Thibet, ss,	Torbeck,	from Bombay.
27	Clan Steuart, ss,	Cowley,	from Rangoon.
27	Benglee, ss,	Buchanan,	from Foochow.
27	Malabar, ss,	Lunero,	from Calcutta.
28	Teheran, ss,	Johnson,	from Shanghai.
28	Roraima, ss,	Pigot,	from Moulmein.
29	Dagmar, I G ss,	Ensor,	from Perim.

DEPARTURES.

July			
24	Nebo, ss,	Gordon,	to Havre.
24	Surat, ss,	Breeze,	to Bombay.
24	Garnet, ss,	Couche,	to Malta.
25	Ariadne, ss,	Grulier,	to Rotterdam.
26	Merkara, ss,	Ballantine,	to London.
26	Sindh, ss,	Monge,	to Shanghai.
26	Thibet, ss,	Torbeck,	to Venice.
27	Scotia, ss,	Cato,	to Singapore.
27	Clan Steuart, ss,	Cowley,	to Port Said F O.
27	Benglee, ss,	Buchanan,	to London.
28	Malabar, ss,	Luncro,	to Genova.
28	Teheran, ss,	Johnson,	to London.
28	Roraima, ss,	Pigot,	to Port Said F O.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

..... from Sea
Sea Gull, H M, ss, Heron, from Mussowa.
Statesman, ss, Hughes, from Liverpool.
Dragon, H M, ss, Hawkins, from Mussowa.
Dagmar, I G ss, Ensor, from Perim.

DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 6.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of Baltimore s—2 packages paint of sorts, Ebram Peerkhan.

FROM LONDON.

Elgin a—16 cases oilmanstores, 2 cases medicine of sorts, 1 case glassware and 1 case harness composition, Shrufally Hiptoola ; 4 cases varnish, Tyebally Surufally ; 7 cases varnish, Abdool Hussein Higtoola and Co ; 3 cases bacon and 2 cases cheese, Allybhoy Sumsoodin ; 3 cases hams, 4 cases bacon, 2 cases butter, and 1 case vegetable and seeds, Mowjee Framjee.
Dunphaile Castle—35 cases matches, Byramjee Shapoorjee ; 12 casks safety fuse, W M Macaulay and Co.
Mirzapore s—16 cases sherry, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Surat s—25 tons steel, Khimjee Jowa ; 8 packages printing papers, the Bombay S S Presse.
British Sovereign—200 drums linseed oil, Abdool Hoosein Heptoola and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Manilla s—130 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM NEW YORK.

S R Meade, 35,200 cases kerosine oil, Wallace and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Surat s—7 bales hemp, and 34 bales wool, Goculdass Jaithanee ; 100 bales wool, Hurjowan Vussonjee ; 50 bales wool, Jaitha Purshotum ; 60 bales wool, Ally Mahamed Hassun ; 84 bales wool, Pallee and Co ; 25 bales wool, Goculdass Cullianjee ; 40 bales wool, Nanjee Bhanjee.
Italia s—19 bales cotton waste and 125 bales wool, Bhimsee Nathoo ; 14 bales wool and 1 bale rags, Kessowjee Toolseedass ; 200 bales wool, Govindjee Madhowjee.

FOR LONDON.

Nepaul s—1 bale carpet, David Sassoon and Co ; 15 cases bristles, Peeroo Mahamed ; 9 cases cardamoms and 1 case benjamin, Ruttonjee Jewraz.

FOR GENOA.

Clan Fraser s—400 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Escurial s—50 bales cotton, D Macfadyen and Co.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Nepaul s—6 chests silk, Hajee Zenell Abedin.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 7.

[Before the Honourable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

99-79—Moreshwar L—Vasoonjee Heerjee vs Buchoobai and others—Lynch and T—Part heard.
268-78—Craigie L and O—C A Turner vs Hurruckchund Soorutram-Smith and Part heard.
122-79—Rimington, H and C—The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation vs Kessowjee Naik and others—Hearn, L and I.
840-79—In person—Dinbai and another vs Pestonjee Ardaseer and others—In person.
36-79—Shapurjee and T—Jadowjee Gopal and others vs Jaitha Sbamjee and another—Craigie L and O.
271-79—A desir and H—Sorabjee Byramjee Colah vs Homejee Cursetjee Dady—Pearce and W.
657-78—Jefferson and P—Thackersey Gungaram and others vs Nursey Kessowjee and others—Rimington H and C.
387-79—In person—Amiroolin Mamapro vs Ahmed Sultan—Settled.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

237-79—Macfarlane and G—Tribhowandass Veerjee vs Lalbhoy Jeypersad and another—Tyabjee and S Part heard.
32-79—M M Munshi—Narayen Amoo vs Jewandass Mcoljee and another—Tyabjee and S.
782-77—Shapurjee and T—Jethibai vs Dayal Bhimjee—Bhaishunker and D.
250-78—Hearn, C and L—Nesserwanjee Ardesir Wadia vs Dawood Isa—Crawford and B.
260-79—J C Chapman—Chamondass Zeenabhoy vs Shaik Essa bin Khallifa—Macfarlane and G.
240-73—Ardesir and H—Morwanjee Dhunjeebhoy vs Madhowdass Goculdass and others—Shapoorjee and T and Prescot and W.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE GREEN.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

302-79—Tyabjee and S—Bomonjee Cursetjee Cama vs Dulputbhoy Bhugoobhoy—Macfarlane and G Part heard.
306-79—Moreshwar L—Vullibhoy Khanbhoy vs Patel Aba Osman—In person.
322-79—In person (a pauper), Ruckmai vs Suckoobai—Bhaishunker and D.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—AUGUST 5.

Clarke, Col. R A, on leave, from Poona.

AUGUST 6.

Peyton, Lieut, 14th Lancers, on leave, from Kurram.

DEPARTURES.—AUGUST 5.

Birch, Major, 9th Bombay N I, on leave, to Poona.

AUGUST 6.

Hogg, Lieut Col, Dy Qr Mr Genl, on duty, to Poona.
Pitt, Lieut, A D C, on duty, to Poona.
Phayre, Brigadier Genl, Staff, on duty, to Poona.
Cunningham, Major, 7th Bombay N I, on leave, to Poona.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, August 2.)

The services of Colonel Browne, Commissioner, Pegu Division in British Burma, are placed at the disposal of Foreign Department.

The Hon'ble Romeah Chunder Mitter, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained privilege leave for three months.

Rev W C Bell to officiate as Chaplain of Mhow in Central India.

Special leave for six months is granted to the Rev W C Bell, Chaplain of Mhow.

The services of the following officers attached to the Punjab Chiefs' Contingent are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department :—Major W C Anderson, Captain C Rivaz, Captain A J Pearson, Captain S D Turnbull, Honorary Surgeon-Major J R Deane, Captain F C Burton.

The services of Surgeon J L Corbett, Officiating Medical Officer of the Bhopal Battalion, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

Her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentleman to be a Companion of the Order of the Indian Empire :—William Jenkyns, Bengal Civil Service, Secretary to the Envoy and Minister Plenipotentiary at Kabul.

Mr. Wells, received charge of the offices of Accountant General and Commissioner of the Department of Issue of Government Paper Currency, Bombay.

Staff Corps—The undermentioned officer of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 26 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, :—Major Cubitt.

Brevet—The following promotion by Brevet is made to be Major, Captain Shoubridge, Bengal Staff Corps.

Commissariat Department—Lieut Fitzgerald, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 31st Regiment of N I, to be a Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2rd Class.

The undermentioned Officers are granted furlough one of India, Lieut Col (Brevet-Col) Malmwaring, Bengal Staff Corps,—for one year Major Stewart, Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant of Cavalry (Queen's own) Corps of Guides,—for two years, Major Money, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Grade, Bengal—for one year Captain Tucker, General List, Infantry, District Superintendent of Police, 2nd Grade, Punjab, for one year. Sub-Conductor Wray, in charge, Military Prison, Fort William.

Hon Surgeon Coombe, East India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is granted leave of absence to proceed to Europe for three months.

Article 771 of the Royal Warrant of 1st May 1879 which is as follows is made applicable to India :—The soldier doing the duty of an Orderlyroom Clerk or Paymaster Sergeant, returning home on sick leave or for discharge, shall, if a Serjeant, receive 6d, a day or if under that rank have his pay made up to that of Serjeant.

The services of Captain Wallace, Royal Engineers, Field Engineer, Kuram Valley Force, are replaced at disposal of the Public Works Department.

The services of Lieut Moncrieff, Royal Engineers, are replaced at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

The services of Lieut Jay, Royal Engineers, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

The services of Lieut Eyre, 5th Regiment N I are placed at the disposal of the Home Department.

The services of Surgeon-Major Thomson, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

The services of Surgeon Browne, Officiating Medical Officer, 10th Bengal (The Duke of Cambridge's Own) Lancers, are replaced at the disposal of the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department.

Mr G W Macallister, to be a 3rd Class Engineer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, and posted to the I G S Enterprize.

Mr Wise, 3rd Class Engineer I G S Enterprize, is permitted to resign his appointment.

Lieut Scott, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary rank, is appointed to officiate as Manager, Punjab Northern State Railway.

F W Department Notification placing Lieut Scott-Moncrieff, permanently at the disposal of the Military Department, is cancelled.

THE NAVY.

Admiralty, 17th July.

IN accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of 22nd Feb. 1870—Surgeon F. J. A. Haring has been placed on the Retired List of his rank.

THE ARMY.

War Office, Pall Mall, 18th July.

Brevet Lieut-Col and Brevet Col Robert Bidduiph, C.B., Royal Artillery, to have the local rank of Major-General while in command or the Troops in Cyprus.

Assistant-Commissary W. B. Cook, Ordnance Store Department, to have the local and temporary rank of Deputy Commissary while serving at the Cape of Good Hope.

India Office, 17th July.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following list of admissions to Her Majesty's Indian Staff Corps made by the Governments in India :—

Bengal Staff Corps.—To be Lieutenants, Lieut Pycroft, 1st Battalion 25th Foot. Lieut Ternan, 51st Foot. Lieut Spankie, 2nd Battalion 22nd Foot.

Madras Staff Corps.—To be Lieutenants, Lieut Eardley-Wilmot, 48th Foot. Lieut Clark-Kennedy, 70th Foot.

Bombay Staff Corps.—To be Lieutenants, Lieut. Cole, 83rd Foot.

CALENDAR FOR AUGUST, 1879.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

Last Quarter.....10th, 7h. 0'0m P. M.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
August. Th. 7	.....	5 40	6 31	{ 2 7 m / 2 15 a	8 7 m / 8 36 a
Fri. 8	.....	5 41	6 30	{ 2 50 m / 3 2 a	8 43 m / 9 10 a
Sat. 9	.....	5 41	6 30	{ 3 32 m / 3 11 a	9 21 m / 9 49 a
Sun. 10	9thSunday afterTrinity	5 41	6 29	{ 4 19 m / 3 43 a	10 7 m / 10 41 a
Mon. 11	.....	5 41	6 29	{ 5 49 m / 4 29 a	11 13 m / 11 54 a
Tues. 12	.....	5 42	6 28	{ 7 20 m / 5 55 a	0 9 m / .. ..
Wed. 13	.....	5 42	6 27	{ 8 35 m / 7 38 a	1 0 m / 2 24 a

IT has come under the notice of Mr. A. MENIST, Oculist-Optician, during his short stay in Bombay, that SEVERAL PERSONS having consulted an eminent Oculist, and obtained from him the number the Eyesight required for Spectacles, have been SUPPLIED with ENTIRELY DIFFERENT NUMBERS which has caused injury to the Eyesight, therefore it is absolutely NECESSARY for those who require artificial assistance for the SIGHT to OBTAIN their SPECTACLES from a PRACTICAL OPTICIAN, who does not trust to the numbers on the Spectacles.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY,

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND),

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

Opposite the Floral Fountain.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

MARRIAGE.

CONNOR—McDORMOND—July 2nd, at the Church of St. Helier's, Jersey, by the Very Reverend W. G. Le Breton, Dean of Jersey, assisted by Rev. A. F. Thomson, Incumbent of St. Peter's Church, Dinard, France, and the Rev. Richard Bellis, Incumbent of All Saints, Jersey, Augustus B. W. Connor, Esquire, Captain, Bombay Staff Corps, and late 7th Royal Fusiliers, to Ellen Harriette, daughter of the late Lieutenant C. J. McDormond, Indian Navy, and granddaughter of the late Captain Thomas McDormond, R. N., of Avranches, Normandy.—No cards.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BEAUMONT—July 29th, at Indore, the wife of T. Beaumont, Residency Surgeon, of a daughter.
KING—July 28th, at Rajahmundry, the wife of Mr. Henry William George King, Subordinate Medical Department, attached to H. M.'s 33rd Regiment, of a son.
LENEHAN—August 2nd, at Lahore, the wife of J. J. Lenehan, Accountant, P. W. D., Madras, of a son.
VAUGHAN—July 25th, the wife of Mr. C. Vaughan, Driver, S. P. and D. Railway, of twins, a son and daughter.

DEATHS.

BAKER—July 26th, at Simla, suddenly, Mary Baker, widow, aged 42 years.
CREIGHTON—July 25th, at Coconada, of cholera, Alfred Victor Louis, the son of Captain Creighton, ship Queenstown aged 4 years.
FOWELL—July 15th, at Kandahar, of cholera, Armourer Sergeant Michael Powell, 5-11th Royal Artillery.
SANDIFORD—July 29th, at Monzaffergurn, Tirhoot, of cholera, Henry George, the son of Dr. G. Tyson Sandiford, aged 1 year and 7 months.
TEN-BROKE—July 31st, Caroline, at Meerut, widow of A. G. Ten-Broke, aged 60 years.
VAROVAN—August 1st, at Lahore, of heat apoplexy, Charles Henry Varovan, Ticket Collector, S. P. and D. Railway, aged 18 years.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES and other Remittance, sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1879.

THE meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Bombay to consider the annual report issued by the directors took place yesterday, and from the account of the proceedings, which will be found in another column, it will be seen that the report was accepted by the meeting as being on the whole, satisfactory. There is no doubt that the proprietors have every reason to be satisfied with the present position of the Bank, and after the full explanations which have now been afforded by the directors regarding those particular transactions with certain firms lately represented on the Board of Directors, which resulted in a loss of over four lakhs and-a-half, and in the locking up of one-fourth of the Bank's capital—with the explanations on that matter now vouchsafed by the Chairman before us, we do not think that it is advisable to reopen the matter any further. That the explanations in question were very necessary and called for goes without saying ; that they are entirely satisfactory is, however, another question which it is better perhaps not to discuss. On that point we can do no more than refer to Mr. Payne's speech, who said pretty nearly all that now requires to be said on the subject. The fact that out of an outstanding total of fourteen and a half lakhs of past due bills, bearing the name of Nursey Kessowjee and Co., six lakhs are covered by securities obtained subsequently to the original granting of the loans, shows pretty plainly, if it shows nothing else, that the shareholders and the Bank are at least to be congratulated on having escaped incurring a loss far more serious than that which they now have to face—a remark that applies also to the five lakhs advanced to Messrs. Nicol and Co. and the Karwar Company. As regards the Chairman's remarks about business members of the Board obtaining advances from the Bank, so long as the custom is not abused, and so long as it does not in the future end in the locking up of twenty-three lakhs of the Bank's money, there is nothing to be said against it. Another time, however, the Bank might not be so successful in its efforts to "obtain all the collateral security in its power," in which case the results might be disastrous.

As considerable interest continues to be taken with reference to Captain Carey and the death of the Prince Imperial, it may be as well to notice the detailed particulars to hand by this mail, together with Captain Carey's own statement of the occurrence, which we are now able to give in full. It is as follows :—

"I was informed by Colonel Harrison, A.Q.M.G., that the Prince was to start on June 1, to ride over the road selected by me for the advance of the column, for the purpose of selecting a camping ground for June 2. I suggested at once that I should be allowed to go with him, as I knew the road, and wanted to go over it again for the purpose of verifying certain points. To this Colonel Harrison assented, reminding me that the Prince was going at his own request to do this work, and that I was not to interfere with him in any way. For our escort six Europeans of Bettington's Horse and six Basutos were ordered. Bettington's were paraded at nine a.m., but owing to some misunderstanding the Basutos did not turn up, and, the Prince being desirous of proceeding at once, we went without them. On arriving at the ridge between the Itelezi and Incensi I suggested waiting there, but the Prince replied, 'Oh, no ; we are quite strong enough,' or words to that effect. We proceeded on our reconnaissance from there, halting about half an hour on a high hill overlooking the Ityotyosi for the Prince to sketch. From here the country was visible for miles, and no signs of the enemy could be discovered. We then descended into the valley, and, entering a kraal, off-saddled, knee-haltering our horses. We had seen the deser

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

THE PRICE OF COUNCIL DRAFTS AND ORIENTAL BANK SHARES.

LONDON, AUG. 6, 4-50 P.M.

To-day the weekly Council drafts sold at 1s. 7⅞d.—an increase of one-eighth on last week's prices.

Oriental Bank Shares sold to-day at £14.

[PUBLIC PRESS MESSAGE.]

KANDAHAR.

SIMLA, AUG. 6.

Sirdar Sher Ali Khan has taken charge of the out district, but the town and neighbourhood are not yet made over to him.

The Herat road is again infested by robbers and no more caravans have arrived.

Cholera has diminished in the city, but has spread considerably to the south-west. The total of cases to date among Europeans is seventy-five, with sixty deaths.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE MAHARAJA DHULEEP SINGH.

LONDON, AUG. 6.

Mr. Stanhope (Under-Secretary for India), replying to a question in the Commons last night, said that £13,000 had been temporarily voted for H. H. the Maharaja Dhuleep Singh, pending a definite settlement of his affairs.

THE INCOMING MAIL.

ADEN, AUG. 6.

The S. S. Kashgar, with the outward English mails of the 25th ultimo, left here for Bombay at 8 a.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

LISBON, AUG. 5.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Eldorado, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left yesterday.

LONDON, AUG. 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed depressed. Surats dull.

The London Cotton Market has been flat.

Fair Dholleras ..... 5 3-16d.

The Manchester Market has been but steady.

7 lbs. Shirtings..... 5-9

8¼ lbs. do. 6-6

40s. Mule Twist 0-9½

3 per cent. Consols for account 98

3 per cent. French Rente, 1872..... 116¼

Bar Silver..... 51½

4 per cent. Rupee Paper..... 77½

4½ per cent. do. 83¼

Arrival.—Zambesi.

Departure.—Helen Scott.

WEATHER REPORTS—AUGUST 6.

CANNANORE, 5-35 p.m.—Weather cloudy; wind S. W. Fall of rain 50 cents.

KARWAR, 5 p.m.—Weather fair; wind S. W. 5; thermometer 81; barometer 29·796. Fall of rain 62 cents.

MANGALORE, (5th), 4 p.m.—Weather rainy; wind S. W. N. W. Fall of rain 70 cents.

TUTICORIN, 2-45 p.m.—Weather fine; wind W.; thermometer 94; barometer 29·78.

VINGORLA, 5 p.m.—Weather cloudy; wind S. W. light; thermometer 79. Fall of rain 98 cents.

THE MONSOON.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

Aug.	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Byculla. In. cts.
Total previously registered...	38 98	46 45	50 40
5 Tuesday	1 72	.....	.....
6 Wednesday	.....	2 50	1 57
Total.....	40 70	48 95	51 97
Fall up to 6th Aug. 1878.....	74 4	81 5	80 53
Do. to 6th Aug. 1877	47 53	36 99½	43 28

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort and Byculla are made up to 8 p.m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

	BROACH. In Cts.
Previously Registered...	14 42
July 31.....	0 28
August 1.....	0 28
,, 2.....	0 10
,, 3.....	1 92
Total.....	16 90

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WEATHER REPORT AUGUST 1.

Station.	Barometer. Reduced to 32° and to Sea-level.	Change since yesterday.	Thermometer in Shade. Dry bulb.	Change since yesterday.	Wet bulb.	Change since yesterday.	Homidity. Percentage of saturation.	Change since yesterday.	Wind. Direction.	Velocity in miles per hour for preceding 24 hours.	Amount of cloud 0 to 10.	Rainfall in past 24 hours.
Jacobabad	29·481	+·008	94·8	—·5	81·1	54	+ 3	E S E		3	3	...
Kurrachee	29·552	+·009	85·0		0·77·9	73	+ 7	S S W		18	3	...
Deesa	29·626	—·019	85·8	+·1	0·76·7	65	— 8	S W		10	8	...
Rajkot ..	29·645	+·048	77·1	—·3	0·75·1	91	+22	W		12	9	0·66
Surat	29·636	+·026	83·6	+·2	5·79·0	81	— 8	N W		7	10	0·37
Bombay...	29·717	+·046	78·0	+·1	0·77·5	98	0	W		18	10	1·75
Goa †	29·789	+·034	79·5	+·1	0·77·0	89	0	W S W		6	7	0·85
Akola.....	29·613	+·007	80·2	—·2	0·75·1	78	— 2	W		9	10	0·06
Belgaum..	29·806	+·024	69·9	+·0·5	69·1	96	+ 2	W		9	10	0·69

WEATHER REMARKS.

Jacobabad—Hot wind.

Deesa—Dark gloomy weather, fine weather with passing clouds.

Rajkot—Drizzling rain, passing showers during day.

Surat—Overcast with rain at night and muggy.

Bombay—Overcast, passing showers during day.*

Goa†—Overcast, continuous rain for upwards of 12 hours.

Akola—Overcast, Nor-wester.

Belgaum—Overcast, smoke and muggy.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 5th August 1879.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 a.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·598
Temperature of the Air	78·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·1
Dew Point	75·7
Relative humidity of Air	·920
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=3).	3·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.).....	80·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.) ...	75·0
General Direction of Wind.....	W, WSW, W. WSW, W.
Movement of wind in 24 hours) from midnight	471
Fall of Rain) to midnight.	1·72
Total fall during the month	7·67
,, ,, year	40·70
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a. m. of 6th.....	0·78

RATE OF EXCHANGE IN LONDON.

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 7¾d.	per Re.
Do. 6 months' sight...	1s. 7 31-32d.	,,
Credits, 3 ,, ,,	1s. 7 15-16d.	,,
Documents, 4 ,, ,,	1s. 8d.	,,
France 3 ,, ,,	2·10½	,,

At the Fort Police Court yesterday, the case against Nursey Kessowjee was proceeded with before the Chief Presidency Magistrate. Mathuradas Lowjee, the principal witness, was shortly examined by the Advocate General with reference to certain items in the accounts put forward in support of the case for the prosecution. He said he was not prepared to give the total liabilities of the firm at the time of their failure, but at the Deewalee of 1878 (20th October, 1878,) they amounted to Rs. 1,81,32,164, while the firm had no assets whatever. The witness was cross-examined by Mr. Gill for the defence during the rest of the day. After travelling over many items of accounts, the learned counsel—with the skill of a master in the art of cross-examination—pressed the witness into an admission that, on the 20th October, 1878, the firm of Nursey Kessowjee and Co. held shares of the value of Rs. 22,21,323 and opium worth Rs. 1,40,00,000. The shares were mortgaged for about twelve lakhs of rupees, leaving a balance of about ten lakhs; while the value of the opium mortgaged exceeded the amount advanced upon it. These amounts were included in the total liability of Rs. 1,81,32,164. Witness was asked if he did not know from the schedule of Nursey Kessowjee and Co. that the good debts amounted to Rs. 4,00,000 and the outstandings to over Rs. 20,00,000. The witness's answers on this point were unsatisfactory to the learned counsel, who accused him of trying to get out of a "most deliberate falsehood in saying that the firm had no assets whatever." The witness further admitted that he had not paid any attention to either of these matters that he had examined the books to see the liabilities of the firm; and that in his evidence he had not given the accused's firm any credit for their outstandings (which Mr. Gill stated amounted to over twenty lakhs of rupees,) because he said he was not asked. He had sworn that the firm were insolvent; and yet he admitted he could not give their total outstandings. In fact, he admitted he had not taken into consideration the entries on the debit side of the accounts. The magistrate received these admissions with evident surprise, remarking that they placed the whole matter in a different light, and that the result was very unsatis factory to him. His Worship could not say whether the witness had intentionally misled the Advocate General. Mr. Marriott said he had asked the witness only about the debts; and at a later stage of the case, he remarked that he would put in the schedule which would bear out all the witness's statements. Mathuradas's cross-examination was not over when the case was adjourned until to-morrow. Our report of the proceedings is crowded out.

THE Government of Bombay have decided on obtaining from England the services of a skilled teacher of pottery manufacture, an appointment for which provision was made when the salaries of the teachers in the Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy School of Art were redistributed in 1876-77. It was originally intended to procure a skilled potter from China, but it was subsequently considered that thoroughly experienced European Superintendent in this branch would better meet the requirements of the school, and the Secretary of State has been asked to procure a competent teacher from one of the well-known English firms, such as Messrs. Doulton's or Messrs. Minton's on an adequate salary.

THE Secretary of State has accorded his assent to the following Bills:—A Bill to provide for the periodical inspection of steam boilers and prime movers attached thereto in the town and suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah. A Bill to facilitate the introduction of the Bombay District Municipal Act in Sind. A Bill (Bombay) to further amend Act XIII. of 1856.

THE 6th Foot are to go to Aden in relief. Upwards of 60 men of the regiment are down with fever in Delhi, where that disease is very prevalent.

MISLEADING reports appear to have been circulated about the health of the troops in Afghanistan, which have suffered and are suffering much more severely than we have been led to believe. In a letter of the 23rd July a correspondent with the Kandahar column writes, that "up to date, the Goorkhas, who have been telegraphed as 'merely sickly,' have lost by cholera 38 sepoys and 6 camp followers. On the 14th, the date of one of the telegrams referred to, they lost eleven, the total deaths up to that time being 19. For the past two months more than 25 per cent. of the men have been down with fever. The sickness in the whole of the troops of the division, European and native, was previous to the outbreak of cholera nearer 20 per cent. than 8 per cent. as telegraphed to the newspapers, and the general health of the troops most unsatisfactory, and more so now."

THE *Englishman* expresses surprise that the East India Railway Company have not, up to the present time, provided second class carriages for the sole accommodation of Europeans, and not have done in the intermediate class. Everybody knows (remarks our contemporary) that in consequence of the length and expensiveness of railway journeys in this country, many respectable Europeans, accompanied by their wives and families, are forced for economical reasons to travel second class. It seems to us a pity that, as a condition of doing so, they should be compelled to accept the companionship of native Baboos, chiefly employés of the railway company in the capacity of signallers and booking clerks, who obtain second class free passes. We have seen men of the class we allude to, enter and fill second class compartments with countless bundles of what, apparently, is their twelve months' unwashed linen, together with two or three baskets of vegetables and the inevitable hookah and its accompaniments. We have observed that these individuals have a marked dislike to fresh air, which they do not fail to exhibit by immediately proceeding to close every window and other medium of ventilation within reach. The result is that, as the compartment becomes heated, and the odour from the various bundles and other mysterious articles begins to pervade the atmosphere, the conviction strongly forces itself on the European mind, that the conditions of comfort, not to say existence itself, which are applicable to the Western stranger and his Aryan brother respectively, are totally distinct and hopelessly incompatible.

MR. WILLIAM JENKYNS, M. A., B. C. S., Secretary to the Envoy and Minister Plenipotentiary at Kabul, has been formally proclaimed a Companion of the Order of the Indian Empire.

THE latest *gup* at Simla is that members of Council are not to go to Simla for the summer; hill allowances to clerks are to be discontinued; and only half the office establishment is to be kept at Simla; one-fourth the strength is to be kept at Calcutta, and one-fourth to be employed on deputation with the Governor-General on tour. The offices and the Government are, in fact, to be fractionalised.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to the *Madras Times* on the subject of running trains at reduced speed and stopping work at night on the Madras Railway, to cordially endorse the opinions advanced by the *Bombay Gazette*, in respect of the necessity of a policy which promises to lift the Madras Railway from the Slough of Despond into which it has fallen, and which would, in the end, be productive of all those advantages and profits, the absence of which is now felt to be ruinous.

A PROJECT is on foot for constructing a line connecting the Neilgherries with the Madras Railway system. A public meeting was held at Ootacamund on Monday, at which resolutions were passed declaring "that improved means of communication are required for the prosperity and development of the Neilgherry Hills, and that a railway on the rack rail system, up the Coonoor Ghaut, is the best suited to supply this want;" and "that as the Government has stated that in the present condition of the finances, it is not in a position to assist the scheme with money, that it be invited to support it by a grant of land, such land to be assigned to the railway concessionaires or to a special committee to turn to the best advantage in their power for a term of years, for the benefit of the guarantee fund." An influential committee was appointed "to carry out the intentions of the meeting."

THE Shah has appointed an Austrian nobleman, Count Monteforte, to be Prefect of Teheran.

THE Allahabad paper has ascertained that a sensational telegram from Peshawur in a contemporary, about a prisoner who tried to escape from the Peshawur jail, killed four persons in the attempt, was concerned, and at once "hanged without trial," is wholly incorrect. A murderer did try to escape, but was captured without injuring anybody, and was hanged in accordance with his original sentence, not one day sooner nor later.

THE reports on the state of the season and prospects of the crops for the week ending July 29 state that in Madras there has been good rain, and prospects continue to improve; prices have fallen slightly. In Bombay more rain is still required in Gujarat and Konkan, where, however, there have been some showers; throughout the Deccan and Southern Maratha Country there has been good general rain, which has greatly improved prospects; cholera continues to be severe in Sind. Rain is reported from all districts of Bengal except Balasore; but it has been generally lighter than during the preceding week. Prospects are favourable; more would, however, be welcome in parts of the Burdwan and Orissa Divisions and in the 24-Parganas. In Central Bengal, Behar, Dacca and Furreedpore some damage to early crops in consequence of excessive rain and floods is still mentioned in the reports. In the North-Western Provinces and Oudh the desired break in the rainfall has occurred and has done much good; prospects are excellent. Rain in the Punjab has been unequally distributed; the fall up to date is below the average, and more would be an advantage in many places; in a few districts matters might, perhaps, be better; but are not at present unfavourable anywhere except in Hissar and Sirsa, where there is some lack of forage for cattle. There has been rain throughout the Central Provinces; but here, as in parts of Bengal, rice transplanting would be the better for a further fall. In Burma the rain has been general, but less than in the previous week; the health of the Province is good and cattle disease is decreasing; the Irrawady has risen high and in Bassein danger is apprehended to the Ngawoon embankment. In Assam, Mysore, and Coorg prospects continue favourable. The rain that has fallen in Berar during the week has been very beneficial. In Central India good rain has fallen except at Morar and Sirdarpore, where it has been slight; prospects are improving, but more rain is wanted here and there in Rajputana. There has been slight and as yet insufficient rain during the week. The week's reports are generally satisfactory. In the Central districts of the Punjab, in Rajputana, and in some districts of Bombay, the season has as yet been too dry; but in Madras and the Deccan where the July rains were at one time deficient prospects have much improved. Although in some parts of India a break is still needed, and in others, besides those mentioned above, more abundant rain would aid the agricultural operations in progress, it may be said that, on the whole, prospects are thus far decidedly good.

IN these days of wailing over the use of the oat in the British Army the following incident, which recently occurred at Prague, will show our Parnells and O'Donnells that instances of corporal punishment occur in Continental armies which would not be tolerated in that of Britain. An Austrian regiment of Infantry was being paraded (preparatory to some night manœuvres) in the yard of the Karolinenthal Barrack and the soldiers inspected by the regimental officers. Lieutenant Wondracsek espied one private, Franz Franek, whose cravat seemed to him too high. He seized the soldier by the collar of his tunic, tore the cravat off his neck, and struck the unfortunate man a blow over the left eye with the buckle. The soldier put his hand to his eye with a loud shriek and the regimental surgeon, coming up at the moment, ascertained that the eye was destroyed. The buckle had literally knocked out the ball of the eye.

MR. STANHOPE, in replying to a question in the House of Commons, said—I have received a communication from his Grace the Governor of Madras in reply to my letter on cases of alleged torture in India. His Grace informs me that no question of torture was ever raised in connection with the proceedings of Mr. Cox in April, 1878, and there was in fact no torture. What happened was this. By the Indian Oaths Act, oaths may be administered in any form common among or held binding by persons of the race or pursuasion to which the witness belongs. Among the Tamil race the form of oath held most binding is one taken by the swearer in the act of worship with light in hand. Burning camphor is frequently used for lights in temple ceremonies. Mr. Cox in the course of his inquiry into the malpractices of certain village authorities found great difficulty in obtaining evidence from inferiors against superiors. In his anxiety to elicit the whole truth he allowed himself to commit certain irregularities. First, he directed the tahsildar to call up certain persons to Arconum and to detain them there three days in order to remove them from the pressure of objectionable influence, which he had no legal authority to do. Secondly, he directed the witnesses to be sworn in their most binding manner, intending it to be done under the provisions of the Indian Oaths Act. He omitted, however, to obtain the offer of the persons to submit to the binding form of oath, but required them to take it. This, although there is no report of any objection, was beyond the law. And he also allowed the oath to be taken in an informal manner. The Sessions Judge made severe comments on these irregularities and sent up the case to the High Court. The High Court made no order, apparently thinking the notice of the Sessions Judge sufficient. The matter was some months afterwards reported to the Government of Madras, and they, notwithstanding the Judge's remarks, recorded an opinion that Mr. Cox's procedure was "most irregular and improper, directly calculated to encourage subordinate officials in a resort to illegal expedients is similar cases," and directed their opinion to be communicated to Mr. Cox. His Grace particularly wishes me to add that throughout seven years' service Mr. Cox has proved himself a good officer and magistrate, no previous overstepping of his authority having occurred, nor any complaint of irregularity of procedure. During a long and harassing course of famine duty he proved himself a good and considerate officer.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

THE annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon in the Bank building, Elphinstone Circle. The Hon. M. Mowat, Chairman of the Board of Directors, presided, and there were also present:—Mr. James Thorburn, Mr. E. D. Sassoon, Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Mr. Ahmedbhoy Hubhbhoy, and Mr. Vurjeevundas Madhowdas, Directors; Mr. J. Jardine, Mr. C. W. L. Jackson, Mr. W. J. Saunders, Dr. Pinkerton, Mr. Grattan Geary, Mr. Martin Wood, Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee, Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Mr. Narrotumdas Madhowdas, Mr. Hurgovind Jeevunjee, Mr. Ardasir Manockjee Kaka, Mr. Cursetjee Manockjee Setna, Mr. Cursetjee Byramjee Powwalla, Mr. Budroodin Tyabjee, Mr. Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee Shroff, Mr. Vishnookundas Atmaram, Mr. Hassonbhoy Visram, Mr. N. M. Wadia, Mr. Framjee Dinshaw Petit, and numerous other shareholders.

The Secretary (the Hon. M. Balfour) having read the notice convening the meeting and the annual report,

The Chairman then addressed the meeting as follows:—Gentlemen, I am glad the day has arrived which affords me an opportunity of laying before you a statement of the Bank's affairs for the year ending 30th June last. Indeed, had the Presidency Banks Act admitted of it, we should have been delighted to have seen you here long ere now. But you will be duly impressed that the annual general meeting shall be held "on the first Monday in the month of August in every year, or as soon after such day as may be convenient," so that no time has been lost on our part. In looking around the room to-day there is one thing which must have struck you, namely, the unusually few members now occupying seats on the Board: changes rendered necessary from the severity of the crisis through which we have just passed—a crisis which has pressed heavily on several gentlemen who sat here during days of greater prosperity than those which we have lately witnessed. In the ranks of the mercantile community the disasters have been of a sweeping character—the prominent but ill-starred house of Messrs. W. Nicol and Co., after a struggle extending over many years unknown to the outside public, fell on the collapse of its main support, the City of Glasgow Bank, in October last. Nursey Kessowjee and Co., whose colossal operations in local mills, as well as in produce to England and to China, had given them every reputation which bank will credit, followed in less than three months. Finlay, Scott, and Co., whose enterprise in pushing the grain trade of Western Indian deserved a better fate, declared their inability to continue their business in the middle of April; and last, but not least, we have to regret the departure of a well-known firm, which had been a land-mark in the commercial history of Bombay for nearly a century. Messrs. Forbes and Company possessed a reputation which was hallowed by the weight of years. The cause is not far to seek: bad trade never fails to leave its impress. During my experience as an exporter I have seldom or ever seen such an unsatisfactory season. The leading staple of Western India is cotton. In the year ending 30th June, 1875, the exports reached 1,306,338 bales; in 1876, 996,248 bales; in 1877, 919,413 bales; in 1878, 712,322 bales, while in 1879 they fell to 646,649 bales. Not only has the falling off been prominent in cotton, but it has affected all other staples. Thus, in the same year the jute to June, 1878, we exported 63,138 tons of linseed as against 30,496 tons last year; of rapeseed 23,639 tons in the former as against 18,216 tons last year; of wheat 37,233 tons to June, 1878, against 1,046 tons for the following twelve months. And the import trade has been in an equally unsatisfactory state. With famine pressing heavily on the agricultural and other classes in the mofussil (and I am told by gentlemen who have seen the mofussil distress that those living in the Presidency towns can have very little idea of its severity) piece goods were at the falling off in the demand for manufactured goods. The stoppage of public works has given a severe blow to the iron as well as to the timber trade. I could easily multiply instances, but what I have said will suffice. The cotton mill industry is the only one which has been a success. Fostered at a time when there was an enormous demand for local manufactures, mills sprung up with a rapidity which was startling. Sums were expended far in excess of the subscribed capital, and now that a change which is the nature of things has inevitably come over the trade, we find a thorough collapse in this description of property. There are ten mills at present in liquidation, and purchasers seem few and far between. But evils must have their limits, and we have every reason to hope that the system of management, I believe there is a great future before the mill industry of Western India. I say this confidently, for in spite of the abolition of the import duty on the lower descriptions of grey piece goods, India will be able to hold its own. Let me now, however, direct your attention to the balance sheet and to the directors' report. First of all I will go through the various items of the balance sheet, for it is our duty to be as frank and as open as possible, and this seems to appear the best place to give you all needful information. Under the head of capital, you find one crore of rupees as formerly. The reserve fund stands at 22 lakhs of rupees, as it did twelve months ago. The auditors have told you that it is considered desirable to credit the Bank on account of the reserve fund stand in the books at the original cost." It has been the practice of the President hitherto to give details as to the Government paper held against the same, and I now do so. (1) New 4½ per cent. paper for Rs. 37,75,600, costing Rs. 107·56; (2) moneys advanced under the special guarantee of Government for Rs. 7,20,000, and (3) a piece of the Elphinstone 4 per cent. paper for Rs. 253-6-9. You will remember that a very large portion of the original investments was made in 5 per cent. paper at a considerable premium. These holdings have been exchanged for others yielding a higher rate of interest, and although relatively more valuable, standing in our books considerably over the current market price. Had we continued to hold our 5 per cents you will understand that we lost on the way, Rs. 102, is or worth about Rs. 95, so that the exchange has been advantageously effected and the re-investment of the loan, when paid off, will doubtless reduce the average cost of our holdings. The public debt, Government securities, and bills of the last year were less than those held during the previous one, notwithstanding the limited amount of the Secretary of State's drawings by Council bills during the greater part of the export season. From January to June, 1878, we held an average of Rs. 1,15,00,000 during the period during which the year we have the use of 57 lakhs only. There has been a decided increase in the other deposits, and you will, I am sure, be happy to learn that during the past six months we have got no less than 280 new accounts with credit balances aggregating Rs. 19,000, the difference, Rs. 31,800, has been written off. The liabilities of W. Nicol and Co. with the Karwar Company amounted to Rs. 5,05,000, of which, however, one lakh consisted of two bills discounted on the 2nd October, the proceeds of which remained at credit of W. Nicol and Co. Against these liabilities the Bank obtained a line on 3,100 bales of cotton, of which, however, only 2,874 bales were delivered. The deficiency thus amounted to 226 bales. The 2,874 bales received realised Rs. 2,93,213, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,93,013. We have allowed for the anticipated dividend on W. Nicol and Co.'s estate, and have estimated that we will receive, say, Rs. 1,40,000 from the Karwar Company, and have written off the balance, namely, Rs. 1,44,000. The cotton was only short delivered, but was found to be of very inferior quality, so that it realised very considerably less than the directors anticipated in January last. We now come to two other well known names. Against Finlay, Scott and Co., Karachee, and Finlay and Co., of Karrachee, there is a debit of Rs. 58,705-1-10, balance of bill transactions during the export season, and as the estate is likely to yield little or no dividend, we have written off the whole amount. Any sum which we may obtain from the Official Assignee hereafter, will be placed to the credit of this and doubtful debt account. Next on the list is the Mazgaon Manufacturing Company for seven lakhs. Apart from this sum the debts of the company are insignificant, and you have already been informed that the directors property along the foreshore of the harbour of Bombay, and that Government is negotiating for the purchase of the entire foreshore—payment to be made in Port Trust Bonds, bearing interest at 4 per cent. The sub-committee of the Chamber of Commerce, of which I was a member, valued the Mazgaon Company's estate at 18 lakhs of rupees, and there can be no doubt whatever that its situation is a most commanding one, and whether Government purchase or not, its value was enhanced on the opening of the Prince's Dock in the latter part of this year. So far back as the 10th of April last, His Excellency Sir Richard Temple, when laying the last stone of the New Dock—which promises to be one of the glories of his reign—referred to the formation of the various harbours under one Trust, and then a Bill for this purpose has been passed by the local Government, and we are in daily expectation of learning that the Viceroy has given his assent to the same. We may therefore look for a speedy settlement of this important matter, and although this is scarcely the place to enlarge on the value of a great Harbour Trust under one management, I think I am right in saying that such a work cannot fail to be of immense benefit to the entire community, and may in no small degree tend to contribute to the general prosperity. The only other name is that of the Mandvi Spinning, Weaving, and Press Company (Limited) for two lakhs, which is secured by a first mortgage of the property. The directors are personally liable for the amount, and to secure themselves they gave to the trustees a first charge on the whole property for this amount. That charge must be paid in course and the Bank's claim discharged. The company has gone into liquidation, and we are doing all in our power to get an early settlement, and we have no hesitation in assuring you that the debt is quite good. Gentlemen, there is one thing which we have never lost sight of—the necessity of reducing the cost of the Bank's premises. Towards this object Rs. 1,95,000 has been contributed from former profits, and we have now added Rs. 10,000. The balance which will be left at the adjusted account is Rs. 3,28,868, and notwithstanding the great fall which has taken place in house property throughout Bombay, I am happy to be able to say that you now hold several valuable offices at moderate prices. Stamps and stationery require no explanation; the figures represent the value of the stock in hand. The profit and loss account, the cause of the transfers, required to balance the books at 30th June. To turn to the profit and loss account I am sure you are all satisfied with the result. Nothing, I think, can give you a better idea of the value of your property than the fact that we should have been able to pay so much during perhaps the worst of the months ever known in the commerce of Bombay. Our branches, which generally contribute largely to the general gain, owing to the late and short crop, added less than usual this season. I now proceed to the consideration of the directors' report. In the course of my speech, so far I have given you very full information regarding the first three paragraphs and part of the fourth, at the close of which you will observe the following remarks:—"As at present advised, the directors believe they will be able satisfactorily to dispose of any question which may arise on the adjustment of the Bank's claims against Messrs. W. Nicol and Co.'s estate; and they consider the property and credit of the firm very ample security." This refers to a question which might possibly have arisen as to the cotton handed to the Bank by the Carwar Company, and the cash balance in the hands of the Bank at the time of the stoppage of Messrs. W. Nicol and Co. No such question, however, has yet been formally raised. As the Bank's solicitor is here, he will willingly give you all the necessary information after I have taken my seat. Regarding the election of a director in place of Captain Kelloch, you will be glad to learn that Mr. William Maitland, of Messrs. Ewart, Latham and Co., is now one of our number, and we feel sure that he will prove a most valuable colleague. (Applause.) Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit and Mr. Vurjeevundas retire from the Board, but are eligible for re-election. Mr. Dinshaw's name is closely associated with the history of the Bank: he was one of the first directors, and his character as a man of business is undoubted; Mr. Vurjeevundas, who took the place of Kessowjee Naik, has already given us useful advice, and I have no hesitation in saying that he is one who has your interests thoroughly at heart. You will have to elect auditors, and this is purely a shareholders' matter. The present gentlemen have done their work well and they offer themselves for re-election. There are still several matters which I must bring to your notice. It has been hinted that by having given such large advances to W. Nicol and Co. and Nursey Kessowjee and Co. that we may have infringed the bye-laws. I can assure you that not only have we never done such a thing, but we have never dreamt of such a step. By the bye-laws we are allowed to make advances to a firm or joint stock company up to the extent of five lakhs. Now on W. 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in another direction by having no filter bed at all. The opinion of the engineers might be asked on that point.

Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik hoped economy would not be exercised in the direction of dispensing with filter beds, for really the water distributed in the city at present sometimes was not fit to drink. He did not undervalue the advice of the Consulting Engineer, but he did think there should be some limit as to the time within which the final report should be submitted.

Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee objected to any proposal to dispense with filter beds. He attached the greatest possible importance to this matter, and his view was most strongly confirmed by the Health Officer in his last report. Dr. Weir said :—" Whatever improvement may be effected by the rainfall" (meaning in the Tulsi Reservoir) " I am very strongly of opinion that the only protection the inhabitants of the city can look forward to against future contamination of the water—the only guarantee of its purity in the future they can have—lies in the filtration of the water through sand." Although this remark was applied to the Tulsi Lake, Mr. Nowrojee thought that Dr. Weir did not mean to limit it to that, but had put it forward as a general remark applicable to the Vehar Lake as well as to the Tulsi Lake. That being the opinion of the Health Officer, he was strongly of opinion that provision for filtration should have a prominent place in the construction of the proposed reservoir.

The Commissioner—You mean filtration at Bhundarwada; but suppose the same object can be secured at Vehar?

Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik—If there is filtration at Vehar, then I would not object. What we want is filtration.

Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee—And thorough filtration.

Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik—Yes, no mere straining will do. I have strained Tulsi water through the strongest dungree cloth doubled six times, and it would not do.

Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee—I have had cloth imported from England for the express purpose, and it would not do.

Sir P. Souter thought the attention of the Consulting Engineer might be drawn to Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee's remarks and the Health Officer's opinion on the subject of filtration.

The Chairman—The Consulting Engineer, as I happen to know, entertains a very strong opinion about the necessity of all Indian water being filtered.

After some further conversation, the Chairman's resolution was adopted, with the addition that the final report should be presented before the last Tuesday of the present month.

THE MEAT SUPPLY.

A letter from the Municipal Commissioner was read, asking the Council to recommend the Corporation to sanction a grant of Rs. 17,000 from surplus cash balance to meet the charges in addition to the budget amount for meat conveyance from Bandora to the end of the year. The Commissioner explained that nearly Rs. 10,000 of this amount was on account of the extra rate for fodder and the great sickness among the bullocks necessitating the employment of additional bullocks. The balance was on account of first charges due to the necessary alterations in the slaughter house compound, renewal of rails, construction of road, retaining wall, &c. This makes a total for the year of Rs. 40,767, and includes the cost of the construction of 26 new vans and the purchase of 26 pairs of bullocks about Rs. 14,000, which, together with the first charges as above, reduces the actual working charges to Rs. 20,000 per annum. The railway charges for conveyance would have been Rs. 44,000 for the one year exclusive of the cost of a new railway siding which would have had to be built at a cost of about Rs. 15,000 if the meat had continued to be brought by rail. The increased revenue from water payable by the railway companies for the first half of this year, (after the discontinuance of the conveyance of meat by train) amounted to Rs. 27,000.

Payment of the amount (Rs. 17,000) was sanctioned.

THE TULSI WATER WORKS.

The Commissioner submitted the following final statement of accounts of the Tulsi water works and Vehar outlet works :—

To J. H. GRANT, Esq., C. S., Municipal Commissioner.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit final statements of quantities and amounts of different works in connection with the Tulsi Water Works. These are :—

1. Of works at Tulsi.
2. Of works at Vehar.
3. Of laying the 24-inch main from Tulsi to Bombay, widening and lining the tunnel at Tulsi, &c.
4. Of Malabar Hill Reservoir, the New Road, &c.
5. Of laying the distribution pipes.

I also submit an abstract statement showing, 1st, the total final amount on account of each work, and also on account of the supply of pipes, compensation for land, &c. ; 2ndly, the total payment made on account of each of these up to end of last month ; and 3rdly, the anticipated balance, based on the final quantities, to be paid during progress or on completion of the works. This statement gives, in one view, the present financial position in regard to the Tulsi Loan of forty lakhs.

It will be seen that the sum total paid up to end of last month on account of different works, supplies, compensation for land, establishment and contingencies was Rs. 36,28,614 ; that the sums due, or to become due, on account of these items amount to Rs. 2,93,095, making a total of Rs. 39,16,709. This leaves a balance of Rs. 83,291 to meet the cost of further establishment and contingencies. I have already submitted, in my No. 1762 of 12th instant, a statement of the reductions I have made from the 10th idem in the establishment on the Tulsi Water Works, from which it will be seen that the cost on this head will not exceed Rs. 1,800 per mensem. This sum will probably be required for six months, or up to the end of the current year. Added to the sum already paid for last month, this item will absorb about Rs. 14,700 ; contingent expenses aggregating about Rs. 28,500, have already been incurred but not paid, and, in some cases, not adjusted.

The total, therefore, of all these items, including that for establishment, when deducted from the balance above shown, will leave an available sum of about Rs. 40,000, which, I need hardly say, will be amply sufficient to cover the cost of contingent charges which may have to be met with until the completion of the still unfinished works.

In considering the result as now set forth, due weight will, I have no doubt, be given to the facts that the original estimate for the Vehar outlet works, which was made in the year 1874, was considerably less than that which had subsequently to be worked upon in accordance with the suggestions made by Colonel Fife's committee ; that the difference between these two amounts was not included in the loan of 36 lakhs ; that the total amount of original estimates was Rs. 36,50,000, but, in order to avoid complication, a round sum of 36 lakhs only was asked for and obtained ; that some extra works, not included in the original estimates, have been done, and paid for from the loan, by which the Corporation is enabled to possess two of the most handsome roads in the city—viz., the Gibbs and the Pedder Roads ; and, further, that the cost of the unusual and unexpected circumstances which had to be contended against during the last year, on account of unprecedentedly heavy and continuous rain, has been met also from the same loan.

With all these facts in view, I trust the result will be considered satisfactory both by yourself and the Town Council.

The following contracts have been completed entirely, and final accounts, as shown in the statements, are being prepared with a view to their settlement as soon as possible :—

1. Laying the 24-inch main, widening and lining the tunnel.
2. Laying distribution mains.
3. Supply of pipes and special castings.

I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,

RIENZI WALTON, C. E.,

Executive Engineer, Municipality, on Special Duty.

30th July, 1879.

Statement showing the present Financial Position in regard to the Tulsi Loan of forty lakhs.

	Amount of Final Quantities.	Amounts paid up to 27th June 1879	Balance to be paid.
	Rs. a.p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Tulsi Works.....	2,41,732 0 0	1,96,564 5 8	45,167 10 4
Tulsi Tunnel	34,859 0 0	17,430 14 0	17 428 2 0
Laying of Pipes..	3,59,393 0 0	3,18,723 10 0	40,669 6 0
Malabar Hill Reservoir ...	3,35,670 0 0	2,47,463 11 1	88,512 4 11
Distribution Mains..	68,141 0 0	49,303 13 0	19,837 2 0
Vehar Outlet Works	2,25,244 0 0	1,78,385 12 9	76,878 3 3
Supply of Pipes.....	15,53,777 0 0	15,49,224 15 7	4,552 0 5
	28,49,173 0 0	25,56,077 3 1	2,93,094 12 11
CONTINGENCIES—			
Compensation for Land	2,21,760 1 9		
Commission to Mr. Manning	18,151 5 1		
Pumps	3,630 3 3		
General Expenses.	11,50,928 0 0	18,191 12 2	*83,290 12 3
Testing Machines.	.....		
Establishment ...	1,94,022 12 7		
Expenditure up to 31st Dec. 1878 ...	5,51,711 0 11		
	40,00,000 0 0	36,23,614 6 10	3,76,385 9 2

Expenses anticipated or already incurred and remaining to be adjusted.

Establishment	Rs. 14,700	
Testing Machines	8,500	
Wall round Kahandas's property ..	200	
Wall and Culvert on Pedder Road (balance)	2,000	
Expenses due to emergent extra works on the occasion of the landslip at Tulsi	17,800	
	28,500	
		43,200
Balance still available...	Rs.	40,091

RIENZI WALTON, C.E.,

Executive Engineer, Municipality, on Special Duty.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sanction to be asked to the transfer of Rs. 280 from savings in section II. European Land Police (Police Budget) to meet the cost of acting allowance to Mr. Vincent as Acting Commissioner of Police from 17th to 30th June last.

Sanction was given to the payment from the new drainage loan of Rs. 2,998-9-11 for 79,626 cubic feet of excavation done by Messrs. Dadabhoy Sorabjee and Co. on the Flats, viz., from Love Grove to Bellasis Road.

Sanction was given to the payment of Rs. 1,250 to meet the salary of Tulsi establishment from 1st to 9th July, 1879, and to the payment of Rs. 1,780 per month, from 10th July to the end of the current year, the charges to be met from the Tulsi Water Works Loan. Sanction was also given to the charging of the whole salary of Mr. Walton and his office and account branch to the Drainage Loan, instead of half to Tulsi and half to Drainage, from the 10th July last.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Mr. Fazulbhoy Cassumbhoy Gangjee gave the following notice of motion :—"I beg to give notice that at the next meeting of the Town Council I will ask the Municipal Commissioner, what will be the probable cost of widening the Mazgaon road at the northern and southern ends of the Hancock bridge, to the extent of the width of the said bridge, and whether it can be carried into effect, and is not a very necessary improvement.

Also whether the wooden railings on one side of the said bridge is not dangerous to traffic in cases of accidents. What will be the cost of replacing the same by stone wall as on the other side, and whether the costs should be borne by the G. I. P. Railway Company or by the Municipality, and whether any and what steps have been taken to get back the road leading from Lawrence De Lima Street to the Fort, which was taken from the public by the G. I. P. Railway without sanction of the Corporation several years ago.

THE MAZGAON SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

AN extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company, now in liquidation, was held on Tuesday at its registered office, Carnac Row, to pass a special resolution. Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, chairman of the board of directors, was in the chair. The notice convening the meeting was read by the secretary, Mr. Furdoonjee M. Bansjee, when it was

Proposed by Mr. Lukhmishankar Hurriprasad, seconded by Mr. Cursetjee Pallonjee Powwalla, and carried unanimously, " that the shareholders, in this general meeting assembled, do approve of the sale of the right, title, and interest of the company in and under the assignment of lease, dated the 9th day of April, 1879, which took place at the auction room of Messrs. Mehrjee, Johnston, and Co. on the 30th day of June, 1879, and of the purchase of the same by Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Esq., one of the liquidators of this company, for the sum of Rs. 75,500."

This was all the business before the meeting.

MAZGAON SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

An ordinary general meeting of shareholders of this company was held on Tuesday at its registered office, 5, Kornby Row, to adopt the directors' report and the audited balance sheet made up to 31st December last ; to elect directors and to appoint auditors. Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit was in the chair. The notice convening the meeting and the directors' report were read.

The directors regretted to say that the accounts showed a loss of Rs. 37,234. The old company, the Mazgaon Spinning and Weaving Company, was formed by the shareholders of the Mazgaon Land Company with a nominal capital of ten lakhs of rupees, of which only Rs. 6,50,000 were paid in cash, and the remaining Rs. 3,50,000 were debited in the books of that company for the value of the leasehold ground, measuring about 55,000 square yards. The present company had handed over to the liquidators, for distribution among the shareholders of the old company, 2,000 shares of Rs. 250 each, that is, Rs. 5,00,000 besides taking over their liabilities, while the remaining five lakhs have been reduced by making a corresponding reduction on the debit side. The loss of Rs. 37,234 was owing mainly to the capital of the company not being fully subscribed, and the consequent loss in interest which the company had to find, as also to the heavy prices of cotton ; while, on the other hand, the prices of yarn and cloth have been low.

The following resolutions were carried unanimously :—

It was proposed by the chairman, and seconded by Mr. Eduljee Nusserwanjee Setna, that the report of the directors, which has just been read, and the audited balance sheet and profit and loss account of the company for the period ended 31st December 1878, printed copies of which have been already forwarded to the shareholders, be and they are hereby adopted.

Proposed by Mr. Cursetjee Pallonjee Powwalla, and seconded by Mr. Nanabhoy Hormusjee Harda, that Messrs. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Pereshaw Merwanjee Jeejeebhoy, Eduljee Nusserwanjee Setna, Dhunjeebhoy Merwanjee Jeejeebhoy, and Dady Nusserwanjee Dady, who retire in accordance with clause 35 of the articles of association of the company, be and they are hereby re-elected directors of the company.

Proposed by Mr. Nanabhoy Hormusjee Harda, and seconded by Mr. Dulputram Goculdas, that Messrs. Cooverjee Rustomjee Mody and Cursetjee Hormusjee Chinoy be and they are hereby appointed auditors of the company for the current year at a remuneration of Rs. 200 for each per year ; the accounts to be audited half-yearly.

The proceedings closed with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—AUGUST 6.

(Before Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

RE NURSEY KESSOWJEE AND CO.

Mr. Lang applied on behalf of "all the partners except Nursey Kessowjee" for a renewal of the interim order for six months.

The Commissioner.—I am informed by the Official Assignee that your clients have not given him all the assistance they ought to have done. They have been told to do certain things to assist him and they have not done them. I will extend the interim order for four months, and if I am informed that they have not rendered proper assistance at that time, I shall not be inclined to renew it further.

RE W. NICOL AND CO.

On the application of Mr. Lang, his Lordship granted a rule *nisi* in this case.

REDUCTION OF ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(*Gazette of India.*)

RESOLUTION.—For some time past, measures for the reduction of the establishments in the Public Works Department have been under consideration. The curtailment which the Government has resolved to make in the expenditure on Public Works renders it necessary no longer to postpone these measures.

2. Accordingly, the Governor General in Council has, with much regret, determined to dispense with the services of a considerable number of Officers in the Public Works Department. In making this announcement, it is the desire of the Government, by liberal concessions, to mitigate, as much as possible, the hardship to Officers who have rendered valuable services, and who must now suffer by reason of financial exigencies for which they are in no way responsible. His Excellency in Council hopes that the favorable terms now offered will induce so many Officers voluntarily to resign the public service, that the number who must be discharged compulsorily will not be large.

3. The Government of India is not yet able to announce the measures which will be taken for reducing the departmental staff of officers of the Corps of Royal Engineers.

4. To a limited number of other Military and Civil Officers, including Officers in the Accounts Branch, who voluntarily retire from the public service, on or before the 31st December next, the concession stated in paragraph 5 have been sanctioned by Her Majesty's Government, subject to the following provisos :—

(a.) The concessions are offered to those military officers only who are entitled, by length of service, to pension, but to whom the Colonel's Allowances would not be due for two years after their retirement.

(b.) The Government reserves the right of refusing to allow any particular Officer to retire.

(c.) Excepting for special reasons, no officer who is less than 30 years old will be allowed to retire.

(d.) In case more Officers than can be spared, apply to retire under these concessions, the Government will determine which applications will be accepted ; paying due regard to the order in which applications are received.

5. *I.—To a Military Officer who does not belong to the Corps of Royal Engineers*—

(1) The pension of his rank ;

(2) A bonus of one month's pay for each year's service in the Public Works Department, up to twelve years ;

(3) An annuity equal in value to the value of his prospective claim to the Colonel's Allowances, calculated by the table in Appendix B to the General Order, in the Military Department No. 1, dated 1st January 1879, which table will be extended so as to include other ages and periods of service ; or

(4) On a medical certificate, in the form prescribed in Appendix A to the said General Order, that he has the prospect of an average duration of life, at his option the capitalised value of such an annuity.

II.—To a Civil Officer or Subordinate—

(1.) Furlough of every Civil Engineer to count as service for pension to the extent defined in Section 52 of the Civil Pension Code.

(2.) The Local Government may add a period, not exceeding three years, to the service of any Civil Engineer appointed to the Public Works Department, before the 1st November, 1873, with initial rank higher than that of First Grade Assistant Engineer, who did not receive a bonus on quitting the service of a Guaranteed Railway Company.

(3.) Pension in proportion to length of service, as follows :—

Completed years of service.	Forty-fifth parts of Average Emoluments, (as defined in the Civil Pension Code.	YEARLY PENSION. Minimum.	Maximum.
1	1	None	Rs. 2,000
2	2	"	"
3	3	"	"
4	4	"	"
5	5	"	"
6	6	"	"
7	7	"	"
8	8	"	"
9	9	"	"
10	10	1,000	"
11	11	"	"
12	12	"	"
13	13	"	"
14	14	"	"
	Sixtieth parts of Average Emoluments.		AVERAGE EMOLUMENTS.
			Rs. 12,000 under and more. Rs. 12,000
15	20	"	3,000 2,000
16	21	"	3,200 2,200
17	22	"	3,400 2,400
18	23	"	3,600 2,600
19	24	"	3,800 2,800
20	25	"	4,000 3,000
21	26	"	4,200 3,200
22	27	"	4,400 3,400
23	28	"	4,600 3,600
24	29	"	4,800 3,800
25 and upwards ...	30	"	5,000 4,000

(4.) If he have not completed ten years' service ; the option, on a medical certificate that he has the prospect of an average duration of life, of taking, in lieu of a pension, the capital value thereof, calculated by Table C, Appendix E, of the Civil Pension Code.

(5.) A gratuity calculated and limited as prescribed in Section 68, Clause *(a)* of the Civil Pension Code.

(6.) His substantive pay or, if he is on leave, his absentee allowances, in advance, to the 31st December next : if his leave will expire before the 31st December next, then the absentee allowances and substantive pay which he would receive to the 31st December next.

(7.) Provided—

(a) that the advances under Clause 6 shall not exceed three months' substantive pay ; and

(b) that the payments under Clauses (5) and (6) shall not, together, exceed his substantive pay from the date of his retirement to the day before his sixtieth birthday.

6. An application by a Military Officer to retire under these concessions must reach the Commander-in-Chief of the Army to which he belongs, and an application by a Civil Officer or Subordinate must reach the Local Government, not later than the 30th November next.

7. The Governments of Madras and Bombay are authorised to accept, at their discretion, without further reference, any such applications from Military and Civil Officers serving under them ; and the Secretary of State will be asked to use the same discretion in regard to Officers now in England.

8. Every Civil Officer who has attained, or will, on or before the 31st December next, attain, to the age of fifty-five years or who is not now in active employ, is required to retire immediately from the Service on the terms stated in this Resolution. The Local Governments will at once take the necessary measures for carrying this order into effect. The Secretary of State will be requested to apply the same rule to any such Officers, who are now in Europe.

9. No further concessions, in addition to those stated in this Resolution, will be made to any other Officers with whose services the Government may be compelled eventually to dispense.

10. The establishments of each Province will be immediately reorganised on a reduced scale ; meanwhile, no departmental promotions will be made in the place of Officers leaving the service under this Resolution. The Government does not guarantee to any Officer the continuance of his present emoluments.

11. The Governments of Madras, and Bombay are requested to report promptly the names of all Officers who leave the Service under this Resolution.

Ordered, that this Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*, and communicated, for information and guidance, to the Public Works and Military Departments ; to the Local Governments and Administrations, and to the Comptroller General, Accountants General, and Deputy Accountants General in independent charge.

BANKS.

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Umritsur to Pathankote.
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OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

(*Madras Athenæum.*)

The issue of this Guide for the current month is as complete and well got up as the previous numbers. It contains information of inestimable value to travellers by railway—and, indeed, to all travellers in India. The well executed coloured map of India is a very useful addition to the Guide. The completeness and variety of the contents of this publication reflect the greatest credit on those who had the arduous duty of collecting such correct information.

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